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OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

SINGLE AUDIT REPORTING PACKAGE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date / A8/09

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD MONROE, LOUISIANA SINGLE AUDIT REPORTING PACKAGE JUNE 30, 2008

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OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD MONROE, LOUISIANA SINGLE AUDIT REPORTING PACKAGE JUNE 30, 2008

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Luffey, Huffman, Ragsdale & Soignier

(A Professional Accounting Corporation)

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

John L. Luffey, MBA, CPA (1963-2002) Francis I. Huffman, CPA Philip A. Ragsdale, CPA David Ray Soignier, CPA, MBA

John Herman, CPA Lynn Andries, CPA Esther Atteberry, CPA Sandra Harrington, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Ouachita Parish School Board Monroe, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ouachita Parish School Board (the School Board) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School Board's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide, issued by the Louisiana Society of Certified Public Accountants and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ouachita Parish School Board, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 31, 2008 on our consideration of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on

Ouachita Parish School Board Independent Auditors' Report

compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The "Management's Discussion and Analysis" presented on pages 5 through 19 and the "Budgetary Comparison Schedules" presented on pages 89 through 98 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Ouachita Parish School Board's basic financial statements. The Other Supplemental Information (including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards) as listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Other Supplemental Information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Luffry Huffman Royalake & Eingerice

(A Professional Accounting Corporation)

December 31, 2008

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION (PART A)

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OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Management's discussion and analysis of the Ouachita Parish School Board's financial performance provides an overall review of the School Board's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School Board's financial performance as a whole. The reader should read this discussion in conjunction with the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, and the financial statements, which are all included in this report, to enhance their understanding of the Ouachita Parish School Board's financial performance.



Financial Highlights

- Local ad valorem taxes in the General Fund increased by \$1,154,182 or 7.4 percent due to increased property assessments and new construction.
- Local sales tax revenues increased by \$2,005,365 or 5.72%.
- State Funding (Minimum Foundation Program MFP) increased by \$14,514,975 from \$91,746,923 to \$106,261,898.
- Federal sources of revenue increased by \$155,765 or .91 percent.
- The General Fund reported a decrease for the year in fund balance of \$3,985,583 from \$21,282,789 to \$17,297,206. The fund balance at June 30, 2008 is 14.0% of General Fund expenditures.
- The East Ouachita Bond District sold \$20 million in general obligation bonds for new construction and renovations.
- The West Ouachita Bond District sold \$11,950,000 in revenue bonds for new construction and renovations.
- The "old" Claiborne School was sold for approximately \$1.6 million. The proceeds will be used for school renovations
- GASB 45 was implemented in 2007-08 resulting in an unfunded annual required contribution of \$20,305,488.



Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

This CAFR consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Ouachita Parish School Board as a whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the School Board as a whole and present a longer-term view of the School Board's finances. Also included in the financial statements are the Fund Financial Statements, which report on governmental activities of the School Board. These statements provide more detail than the Government-wide Financial Statements about the services that were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending in the School Board's more significant funds as well as all other nonmajor funds. The General Fund is the Ouachita Parish School Board's most significant fund.



Reporting the School Board as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the School Board as a whole and its activities to inform the reader of the School Board's financial performance during the 2008 fiscal year. In short, is the School Board better off financially or is it worse off financially than it was this time last year? These statements report all assets and liabilities of the School Board on the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting reports all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School Board's net assets and the change in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader whether, for the School Board as a whole, the financial position of the School Board improved or declined. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors affecting the School Board include the parish's sales and property tax bases and the state and federal government's continued funding.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report the governmental activities of the School Board. Most of the School Board's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operating and maintenance of plant, student transportation, and feeding programs.



Reporting the School Board's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School Board's major funds begins on page 28. Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about the School Board's major funds. The School Board uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions.

However, these fund financial statements focus on the School Board's most significant funds. The School Board's major governmental funds are the General Fund, the District #1 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund, and the East Ouachita 2008 Construction Capital Projects Fund.

The East Ouachita 2008 Construction Capital Projects Fund changed from a nonmajor fund in 2006-07 to a major fund in 2007-08. The change was due to the East Ouachita Bond District selling \$20 million in general obligation bonds for construction and renovations in the district.

Governmental Funds

Most of the School Board's activities are reported as Governmental Funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The Governmental Funds' statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School Board's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental Fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and Governmental Funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

The School Board is self-insured for workers' compensation and general liability insurance coverage, and maintains policies with large deductibles for property and fleet vehicle insurance. A summary of the School Board's insurance coverage at June 30, 2008, has been included in the Statistical Section on page 191. Transactions related to meeting the claims incurred in these areas are accounted for in the Internal Service Proprietary Fund. Expenses in the Internal Service Fund are recognized as claims are incurred. Liabilities are recognized for incurred but unpaid claims. The Internal Service Proprietary Fund transactions are reported on pages 38 through 41 in a separate section consisting of a Comparative Statement of Net Assets; a Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets; and a Comparative Statement of Cash Flows.



The School Board as Trustee

Reporting the School Board's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School Board is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student activity funds and the Migrant Education funds of certain other parishes. All of the School Board's fiduciary

activities are reported in a separate Comparative Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities on page 43. These activities have been excluded from the School Board's other financial statements because the School Board cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School Board is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

The School Board as a Whole

The School Board's net assets decreased by \$17.5 million, from \$134.7 million at June 30, 2007 to \$117.2 million at June 30, 2008. Of the \$117.2 million of net assets at June 30, 2008, \$15.5 million were restricted. Restricted net assets are reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School Board's ability to use those net assets for day-to-day operations. The following analysis focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and change in net assets (Table 2) of the School Board's governmental activities.

Table 1 Governmental Activities Net Assets June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007 (in Millions)

	June 30,		
	2008	2007	
Assets			
Current and other assets	\$105.3	\$7 5.9	
Capital assets	191.2	186.4	
Total assets	296,5	262.3	
Liabílities			
Current and other liabilities	23.2	20.8	
Long-term liabilities	156.1	106.8	
Total liabilities	179.3	127.6	
Net assets	-		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	63.2	85.3	
Restricted	15.5	14.7	
Unrestricted	38.5	34.7	
Total net assets	\$117.2	\$134.7	

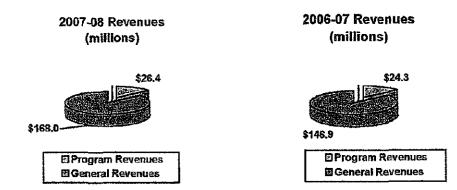
The balance of \$38.5 million in unrestricted assets represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. In theory, it means that if we had to pay off all of our bills today including all of our noncapital liabilities (compensated absences for example) and sold all of our assets at their current value, we would have enough funds to pay off all of our debt and have \$38.5 million left.

The results of this year's operations for the School Board as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities on page 25. Table 2 reports the information from the Statement of Activities in a different format so that total revenue for the year can be more easily identifiable.

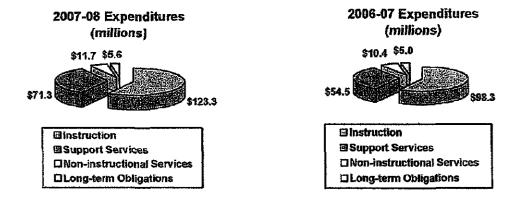
Table 2 Governmental Activities Changes in Net Assets Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 (in millions)

Year Ended June 30. Revenues: Program revenues: Charges for services \$2.0 \$2.1 Local grants \$1.1 9 State grants and entitlements 5.9 4.1 Federal grants 17.4 17.2 General revenues: 37.0 35.1 Ad valorem taxes 16.9 15.7 Sales taxes 37.0 35.1 State Minimum Foundation Program 106.3 91.7 Interest on investments 3.0 3.0 Other general revenues 3.6 1.4 Special item – gain on sale of "old" Claiborne Elementary 1.2 - Total revenues 90.8 72.5 Fenctions/Program Expenses: 1.1 17.2 Instruction: 22.9 17.7 Regular programs 90.8 72.5 Special education programs 90.8 72.5 Special programs 1.6 1.3 1.7 Other instructional programs 1.6 1.3	(m mhons)		
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Special programs 5.5 4.2 Adult/continuing education .5 .5 Support services: 8.4 5.6 Instructional staff support services 11.5 7.9 General administration 2.7 1.9 School administration 11.5 9.4 Business services 3.8 2.3 Plant services 19.1 16.6 Student transportation services 10.9 8.4 Central services 3.4 2.4 Noninstructional services: Food services operations 11.5 9.7 Community services programs .1 .1 .1 Facility acquisition and construction .1 .6 Long-term obligations: .1 .6 Interest on long-term obligations 5.6 5.0 Total expenses 211.9 168.2		1.6	1.3
Adult/continuing education .5 .5 Support services: .5 .5 Pupil support services 8.4 5.6 Instructional staff support services 11.5 7.9 General administration 2.7 1.9 School administration 11.5 9.4 Business services 3.8 2.3 Plant services 19.1 16.6 Student transportation services 10.9 8.4 Central services 3.4 2.4 Noninstructional services: 3.4 2.4 Noninstructional services: 5.9 7 Community services programs 11.5 9.7 Community services programs 1 1 Facility acquisition and construction 1 .6 Long-term obligations: 5.6 5.0 Total expenses 211.9 168.2	Other instructional programs		
Support services: 8.4 5.6 Instructional staff support services 11.5 7.9 General administration 2.7 1.9 School administration 11.5 9.4 Business services 3.8 2.3 Plant services 19.1 16.6 Student transportation services 10.9 8.4 Central services 3.4 2.4 Noninstructional services: 3.4 2.4 Noninstructional services operations 11.5 9.7 Community services programs .1 .1 Facility acquisition and construction .1 .6 Long-term obligations: .1 .6 Interest on long-term obligations 5.6 5.0 Total expenses 211.9 168.2		5.5	4.2
Pupil support services 8.4 5.6 Instructional staff support services 11.5 7.9 General administration 2.7 1.9 School administration 11.5 9.4 Business services 3.8 2.3 Plant services 19.1 16.6 Student transportation services 10.9 8.4 Central services 3.4 2.4 Noninstructional services: 3.4 2.4 Noninstructional services operations 11.5 9.7 Community services programs .1 .1 Facility acquisition and construction .1 .6 Long-term obligations: .1 .6 Interest on long-term obligations 5.6 5.0 Total expenses 211.9 168.2		.5	.5
Instructional staff support services 11.5 7.9 General administration 2.7 1.9 School administration 11.5 9.4 Business services 3.8 2.3 Plant services 19.1 16.6 Student transportation services 10.9 8.4 Central services 3.4 2.4 Noninstructional services: 5.0 5.7 Community services programs 1.1 1.1 Facility acquisition and construction 1.1 6 Long-term obligations: 5.6 5.0 Interest on long-term obligations 5.6 5.0 Total expenses 211.9 168.2			
General administration 2.7 1.9 School administration 11.5 9.4 Business services 3.8 2.3 Plant services 19.1 16.6 Student transportation services 10.9 8.4 Central services 3.4 2.4 Noninstructional services: 5.7 11.5 9.7 Community services programs 1 .1 .1 Facility acquisition and construction .1 .6 Long-term obligations: .1 .6 Interest on long-term obligations 5.6 5.0 Total expenses 211.9 168.2			
School administration 11.5 9.4 Business services 3.8 2.3 Plant services 19.1 16.6 Student transportation services 10.9 8.4 Central services 3.4 2.4 Noninstructional services: 5.0 11.5 9.7 Community services programs 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.4 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>7.9</td></t<>			7.9
Business services 3.8 2.3 Plant services 19.1 16.6 Student transportation services 10.9 8.4 Central services 3.4 2.4 Noninstructional services:			
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Student transportation services 10.9 8.4 Central services 3.4 2.4 Noninstructional services: Food services operations Community services programs 1 .1 .1 Facility acquisition and construction .1 .6 Long-term obligations:			
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Noninstructional services: Food services operations Community services programs Interest on long-term obligations Total expenses 11.5 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7			
Food services operations 11.5 9.7 Community services programs .1 .1 Facility acquisition and construction .1 .6 Long-term obligations: Interest on long-term obligations 5.6 5.0 Total expenses 211.9 168.2		3.4	2.4
Community services programs Facility acquisition and construction Long-term obligations: Interest on long-term obligations Total expenses 1 1 .1 .6 5.6 5.0 1 68.2			
Facility acquisition and construction .1 .6 Long-term obligations: Interest on long-term obligations 5.6 5.0 Total expenses 211.9 168.2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	11.5	9.7
Long-term obligations:5.65.0Interest on long-term obligations5.65.0Total expenses211.9168.2		.1	.1
Interest on long-term obligations5.65.0Total expenses211.9168.2		.1	.6
Total expenses 211.9 168.2	· ·		
	Interest on long-term obligations	5.6	5.0
Increase (decrease) in net assets (\$17.5) \$3.0	Total expenses	211.9	168.2
	Increase (decrease) in net assets	(\$17.5)	\$3.0

Ouachita Parish School Board's 2007-08 revenues compared to 2006-07 revenues are presented below:



Ouachita Parish School Board's 2007-08 expenditures compared to 2006-07 expenditures are presented below:



Governmental Activities

As reported in the Statement of Activities on page 25, net assets of the School Board decreased by \$17.5 million. The following factors helped contribute to this net decrease:

Major increases in 2007-08 revenues:

- Increase in ad valorem taxes Ad valorem taxes in the parish have been increasing at a steady rate for the last several years. Property values in the parish have been increasing due to new construction and valuing previously constructed houses at current market value.
- Increase in sales tax collections Sales tax collections increased at an average of 5.69 percent in 2007-08. The general economy of the parish continues to show a slow, steady growth resulting in increases in sales tax revenues. Part of the increase in sales tax collections was due to oil and gas drilling in the area.
- Change in MFP funding formula The State Legislature made changes to the factors in the MFP funding formula and the state funded a \$2,375 instructional staff raise and a \$1,000 support employees raise resulting in \$14.6 million additional funding for general operations and for employee pay raises.

Major changes in the cost of governmental activities

- Increase in operating expenses General operating expenses, such as utilities and fuel continued to increase as a result of increased crude oil pricing.
- The School Board was required by GASB 45 to start accounting for other post employment benefits in our 2007-08 financial statements. This resulted in a liability of \$20.3 million that had not been previously required to be included in our financial statements. This liability was the main contributor to the School Board's net assets decreasing in 2007-08.

Major changes in capital assets and debt

- Decrease in capital assets Net capital assets decreased by approximately \$22.1 million due to increasing the debt related to capital assets by \$31.95 million in the East and West Ouachita Bond Districts. Net capital assets also decreased as the result of selling the "old" Claiborne Elementary School. Capital assets did increase some due to on-going construction projects by the School Board.
- Increase in outstanding bonded debt Long-term outstanding bonded debt of the School Board had a net increase of \$27.7 million as the result of selling \$20 million of general obligation bonds and \$11.95 million of revenue bonds.

The cost of governmental activities exceeding restricted state and Federal grants and charges for services must be paid by the citizens of Ouachita Parish and unrestricted state grants. The following presentation shows the portion of governmental activities that must be paid by the citizens of Ouachita Parish and unrestricted state grants compared to the 2006-07 fiscal year.

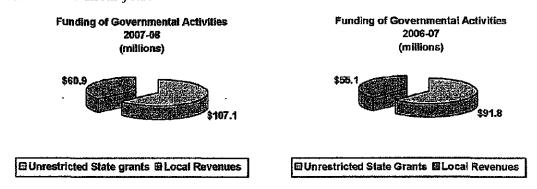


Table 3 presents the total cost of each of the School Board's five largest functions – regular programs, special education programs, instructional staff support services, plant services, and food service operations, as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the School Board's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3 Year Ended June 30, 2008 Governmental Activities (in millions)

(With Comparative Totals For the Year Ended June 30, 2007)

	Total Cost of Services		Net of Ser	Cost rvices
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Regular programs	\$90.8	\$72.5	\$88.5	\$70.2
Special education programs	22.9	17.7	21.1	15.6
Instructional staff support services	11.5	-	6.5	-
School administration	-	9.4	-	9.3
Plant services	19.1	16.6	18.5	16.2
Food service operations	11.5	9.7	10.8	2.7
Subtotal	155.8	125.9	145.4	114.0
All others	56.1	42.3	40.0	30.0
Total	\$211.9	\$168.2	185.4	\$144.0

The School Board Funds

The School Board uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Accounting for money for particular purposes in different funds helps the reader to determine whether the School Board is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and it may also give the reader more insight into the School Board's overall financial health.

The School Board's governmental funds had a fund balance of \$79,500,784 at June 30, 2008, which is an increase of \$26,481,133 over the previous year's fund balance. The primary reasons for the change are:

General Fund — The General Fund, the principal operating fund of the School Board, decreased its fund balance by \$3,985,583 from \$21,282,789 at June 30, 2007 to \$17,297,206 at June 30, 2008. This represents a 18.7 percent decrease in fund balance. In 2005-06 the General Fund's fund balance reached 19 per cent of General Fund expenditures. The Board felt that the fund balance was excessive and has tried to reduce it over the last 2 years. In 2007-08 the Board adopted a formal policy that stated that the General Fund's fund balance should be maintained between 10 and 15 per cent of General Fund expenditures.

Revenue in the General Fund had a net increase of \$16,754,272. Ad valorem taxes and the state MFP funding were up \$837,547 and \$14,310,875, respectively. E-rate funding increased approximately \$235,000 from the previous year. Interest earnings decreased by \$185,013. The increase in ad valorem taxes was due to an increase in property assessment values and new construction. The MFP funding was up due to the State Legislature changing some of the factors in the formula

and funding a \$2,375 certified employee pay raise and a \$1,000 support employee pay raise. Interest earnings were down due to declining investment rates.

General Fund expenditures increased by \$19,598,542. Expenditures for salaries and related benefits, which consist of 86.2 percent of total General Fund expenditures, were the main reasons for the increase in expenditures. Salaries increased by \$12.9 million. The increase in salaries was due in part to the State's requirement that 50 percent of the new growth money in the MFP funding be used for instructional staff pay raises. The 50 percent growth money was approximately \$3.3 million in 2007-08. In addition to the MFP raise, as previously discussed, the State funded a \$2,375 and a \$1,000 salary increase for the instructional staff and for the support staff, respectively. The School Board increased its instructional staff by 70 and its support staff by 30, resulting in salaries increasing by approximately \$2.9 million. Related benefits increased by \$1.3 million as a result of the pay raises and increased staff. Fuel cost for buses and school vehicles increased by 35.9 per cent or \$195,907. Utilities increased by approximately 5 per cent or \$189,450. The General Fund increased its transfer to the Air Conditioning Redemption Special Revenue Fund from last year by \$550,000.

District #1 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund — The fund balance of the District #1 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund increased by \$188,042. The fund balance increased from \$14,638,199 at June 30, 2007 to \$14,826,241 at June 30, 2008. In 2007-08 sales tax collections increased by \$294,139 or 5.1 percent as compared to a 2.1 percent increase in 2006-07. Earnings on investments decreased by \$112,645 or 17.2 percent as interest rates declined substantially in 2007-08. Expenditures in the fund increased by \$1,059,566. Salaries increased by \$283,640 due to increasing the staff at the alternative school and pay raises authorized by the state. District #1 Sales Tax Fund's technology expenditures increased by \$391,642. The additional funds were used to upgrade the school libraries' software and to update aging computer labs. Maintenance expenditures increased by \$334,140 due to our maintenance department renovating several offices.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds — The nonmajor Other Governmental Funds had a net increase in their fund balances of \$11,137,402. The increase in the fund balances is due to the Special Revenue Funds and the Capital Projects Fund increasing their fund balances by a net of \$2,224,942 and \$7,996,902, respectively. The increase in fund balance in the Special Revenue Funds was due mainly to the West Ouachita Sales Tax Fund which increased its fund balance by \$2,220,803. This fund is used for paying the principal and interest of the revenue bonds and paying for construction projects. The Board felt the fund balance in the account was low and that it needed to be increased to ensure that adequate funds were available to meet the bond requirements. Therefore, a minimal amount of renovations were funded from this fund in 2007-08 to build the fund balance up. The Air Conditioning Redemption Special Revenue Fund had an increase in its fund balance of \$911,793 as the result of a \$1 million transfer from

the General Fund to fund the account. The other nonmajor Special Revenue Funds had small changes in their fund balances. The reason for the large increase in fund balance in the Capital Project Funds was due to the sale of \$11.95 million revenue bonds in the West Ouachita Bond District and the sale of the "old" Claiborne Elementary School for \$1.6 million. The bond proceeds and the proceeds from the sale of the school will be used to renovate schools in the bond district.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The School Board, in accordance with state law, must adopt a budget on the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds by September 15. In accordance with state law the School Board may have variances of 5 percent of total revenues or expenditures in a fund before it is legally required to amend the budget. The School Board adopted its 2007-08 original budget on September 11, 2007, and revised the budget on June 3, 2008. The original estimated General Fund revenues increased by 1.5% or \$1.9 million from \$120,530,033 to \$122,384,658. The major change in budgeted revenue was an increase in state funding (MFP) of \$1.4 million and an increase in e-rate funding of \$126,500.

The original estimated charges to appropriations increased from the original budget to the final budget by \$6.5 million or 5.2%. Salaries and related benefits were the main reason for the increase in expenditures. Salaries and related benefits increased by \$3,444,808 from \$107,071,793 to \$110,516,601. Salaries increased by \$1,926,420 because of increased staffing levels to instruct the additional students and to lower pupil teacher ratios. Related benefits increased by \$1,518,338. The increase is the result of the additional employees previously discussed participating in the health care program and the cost of their retirement benefits.



Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Capital Assets of the School Board used in performance of general School Board functions are recorded in the Fund Financial Statements as expenditures when purchased. The amount represents the original cost of the assets. Depreciation of capital assets is not recognized in the Fund Financial Statements, as explained in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. In the Government-wide Financial Statements the capital assets are recorded as assets at their original cost at the time of purchase or their fair market value, if donated. Depreciation of capital assets has been recognized in the Government-wide Financial Statements.

At June 30, 2008, as reported on the Statement of Net Assets, the School Board had \$191.2 million invested in land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress, net of depreciation. Net capital assets increased by \$4.8 million or 2.6 percent during the current fiscal year. Net assets were increasing on an

average of \$25 million per year from the year 2000 until about 2005 when construction slowed down and net assets started increasing by approximately \$1 million per year. In 2007-08 construction started again as the result of selling \$20 million of general obligation bonds and \$11.95 million of revenue bonds. Renovation projects were the main reason for the \$4.8 million increase in capital assets. For more detail of capital assets, see Note 8 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. Table 4 presents capital assets net of depreciation at June 30, 2008.

Table 4 Capital Assets at Year-end Net of Depreciation Governmental Activities (With Comparative Totals at June 30, 2007)

	June 30,		
	2008	2007	
Land	\$6,059,839	\$6,262,699	
Buildings and improvements	166,355,712	164,268,708	
Furniture and equipment	13,001,564	10,639,828	
Construction in progress – buildings	<u>5,826,932</u>	5,262,469	
Total	\$191,244,047	<u>\$186,433,704</u>	

Debt

At June 30, 2008, the School Board had \$128,021,725 in bonds and limited tax certificates of indebtedness outstanding, net of deferred amount of refunding and unamortized bond discount. Of the \$128,021,725 bonds and limited tax certificates of indebtedness outstanding, \$5,967,947 are due within one year. Table 5 summarizes bonds and limited tax certificates of indebtedness outstanding at June 30, 2008.

Table 5
Outstanding Debt
June 30, 2008 and 2007
Governmental Activities

	June 30,		
•	2008	2007	
General obligation bonds:			
1999 East Ouachita - School improvements	\$925,000	\$1,805,000	
2000 East Ouachita - School improvements	935,000	1,365,000	
2005 East Ouachita - School improvements	·		
(refinanced 2000 bonds)	12,305,000	12,390,000	
2006 East Ouachita - School improvements			
(refinanced 1999 bonds)	21,600,000	21,675,000	
2007 East Ouachita - School improvements	9,755,000	.	
2008 East Ouachita - School improvements	10,000,000	-	
Less deferred amount of refunding	(308,692)	(534,291)	
Unamortized bond discount	(28,326)	(56,654)	
Revenue bonds:			
1998 West Ouachita - School improvements	19,365,000	20,125,000	
1999 West Ouachita - School improvements	15,540,000	16,215,000	
2000 West Ouachita – School improvements	885,000	1,150,000	
2001 West Ouachita - School improvements	6,675,000	6,890,000	
2002 West Ouachita - School improvements	2,735,000	2,785,000	
2006 West Ouachita - School improvements			
(refinanced 2000 bonds)	8,210,000	8,260,000	
2007 West Ouachita - School improvements	11,950,000	-	
Less deferred amount of refunding	(225,588)	(338,381)	
Unamortized bond discount	(669)	(1,004)	
Limited tax certificates of indebtedness:			
2002 West Ouachita - School improvements	3,205,000	3,915,000	
2003 West Ouachita - School improvements	4,500,000	<u>5,490,000</u>	
Total	<u>\$128,021,725</u>	<u>\$101,134,670</u>	

The proceeds of \$20 million of the 2007 and 2008 East Ouachita Bond District general obligation bonds will be used to construct 2 middle schools and an agriculture/vocational center and to make renovations to the 10 schools in the district.

The proceeds of the West Ouachita Bond District 2007 revenue bonds of \$11.95 million will be used to construct an agriculture/vocational center and to make renovations to the other schools in the district.

The state limits the amount of general obligation debt that school boards can issue to 35 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the school board's corporate limits. At June 30, 2008, East Ouachita Bond District's maximum legal debt limit was \$71,076,429. The District's outstanding general obligation bonded debt of \$55,520,000 is below the maximum debt limit.

The bond issues are rated as follows:

	Standard & Poor's <u>Rating Service</u>
General Obligation Bonds:	· · ·
East Ouachita Bond - 1999	A-
East Ouachita Bond - 2000	A-
East Ouachita Bond - 2005 (Refinanced)	A-
East Ouachita Bond - 2006 (Refinanced)	A-
East Ouachita Bond - 2007	A-
East Ouachita Bond - 2008	A-
Revenue Bonds:	
West Ouachita Bond - 1998	${f A}$
West Ouachita Bond - 1999	${f A}$
West Ouachita Bond - 2000	A
West Ouachita Bond - 2001	A
West Ouachita Bond - 2002	A
West Ouachita Bond - 2006 (Refinanced)	A
West Ouachita Bond - 2007	A

Other long-term obligations of the School Board include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. We present more detailed information about our long-term obligations in Notes 1.N. and 13 to the Basic Financial Statements.



For the Future

The Ouachita Parish School Board is strong financially. Even though our net assets decreased by \$6.3 million as a result of recording the OPEB liability, we feel that we will be able to meet the future financial needs of the system. We are anticipating that our funding from state and local sources will continue to increase some in 2008-09. Our MFP funding will increase in 2008-09 as a result of the Legislature increasing two of the funding factors in the MFP formula and funding a pay raise for the instructional staff and funding a one-time salary supplement for the support staff. At present, the Legislature feels that it can continue to provide the MFP funding at the present level. We also expect an increase in the current year ad valorem tax collections as this is a re-assessment year. Property values have been increasing by approximately 7 percent over the last few years. We anticipate that the ad valorem will increase a minimum of 7 percent in 2008-09. Our Federal grants decreased almost \$2 million dollars two years ago. In 2007-08 they increased and based on grant approvals to date, we anticipate our Federal grants to increase again in 2008-09. Of concern in 2008-09 are the investment rates and our sales tax revenues. We are anticipating interest rates to stay low throughout the year. We are watching our sales tax revenues closely to see how they will be affected by the economy. We are not anticipating any growth in our sales tax revenues as has been the case in previous years. We are budgeting sales tax revenues to stay at the current level in 200809 as in 2007-08. With the closing of the General Motors, Delphi Interior and Lighting plant in January 2006 and State Farm in 2005, community leaders have been seeking other businesses to replace General Motors and State Farm. Accent Marketing, a calling center, has recently moved in the State Farm building creating up to 550 new jobs. Community leaders recently announced that a local investor had purchased the General Motors building.

We do not anticipate any large or unusual expenditures to occur in the 2008-09 fiscal year. We anticipate our largest expenditure increases will be for fuel and utilities. However, these two areas only represent 3 to 4 percent of our General Fund budget. We are trying to keep our instructional staff at the same level as in 2007-08. Salaries and benefits will increase substantially in 2008-09 due to the instructional raise and the support salary supplement. However, the state is funding the pay increases. Health care costs, which have been increasing by approximately 10 percent the last 8 years, has leveled off and we are only anticipating a three to four percent increase in 2008-09. These are the only large expenditure items that management is aware of that will increase significantly in the foreseeable future.

The Legislature mandates that 50 percent of "new growth" money in the Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) funding formula shall be used for teacher pay raises provided the district's average teacher's salary is below the southern regional average teacher's salary. In 2007-08 our average teacher salary was above the southern regional average teacher salary; therefore, the School Board was not required to give the MFP "new growth" money raise in 2008-09. The School Board felt the district was financially sound enough, and it granted the MFP "new growth" money raise in 2008-09 to all employees of the school system. In addition to the raise through the "new growth" money in the MFP, the State authorized a \$1,019 instructional staff raise, effective July 1, 2008 and a \$1,000 one-time support pay supplement.

The General Fund's fund balance at June 30, 2008, was \$17.3 million or 13.6 percent of 2007-08 expenditures. The School Board would like to keep the fund balance between 10 percent and 15 percent of General Fund revenue. The Board has been reducing the fund balance the last two years to get it back within this range. Now that the General Fund balance is within the Board's recommended range, the Board plans to keep the fund balance within that range.

The School Board has been constructing new schools and remodeling existing schools for the last eight years from bond proceeds in the East Ouachita Bond District and the West Ouachita Bond District. The bond proceeds received in the late 1990s in both Districts have now been depleted. In July 2007, the East Ouachita Bond District received approval from the citizens of the District to sell \$29,785,000 of General Obligation Bonds to be repaid by an ad valorem tax. The District at year end had issued \$20 million of the authorized \$29.785 million general obligation bonds. In December 2008, the East Ouachita Bond District sold the remaining \$9.785 million general obligation bonds at an interest rate of 4.67 percents.

The West Ouachita Bond District uses a sales tax to fund its construction projects. Since the depletion of the bond proceeds in the District, the School Board has been funding the construction projects on a pay-as-you-go basis. In 2007-08, the School Board decided to change its policy for funding construction projects in the West Ouachita Bond District. The School Board decided to go from a pay-as-you-go basis to selling bonds to pay the construction costs. The School Board changed philosophy because it did not feel that the construction projects were being completed fast enough on a pay-as-you basis to meet current needs. In October 2007, the School Board sold \$11,950,000 of West Ouachita Bond District revenue bonds and it sold another \$5 million in October 2008.

As discussed previously, the Ouachita Parish School Board has been building and or remodeling all of its schools during the last eight years. When this project is complete, we will have some of the best facilities in the state to educate our children; thus, aiding in the reduction of overcrowding in our schools. We feel that a good learning environment is crucial to helping students reach their educational potential. Overall, we feel that the future of Ouachita Parish School Board is good financially, as well as educationally.



Contacting the School Board's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School Board's finances and to show the School Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Richie Garrett, Business Manager of Ouachita Parish School Board, P.O. Box 1642, Monroe, LA 71210-1642 or call at (318) 388-2711 or E-mail to garrett@opsb.net.



Our Mission:

Through collaboration among all stakeholders, the Ouachita Parish School System will ensure that all students attain the knowledge and skills needed to be productive citizens.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Our Mission:

Through collaboration among all stakeholders, the Ouachita Parish School System will ensure that all students attain the knowledge and skills needed to be productive citizens.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement of Net Assets Governmental Activities

June 30, 2008

Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4)	\$ 31,716,202
Investments (Note 5)	61,483,497
Receivables (Note 7):	
Ad valorem taxes	340,756
Sales and use taxes	6,121,533
Federal grants	2,573,970
Other	2,149,081
Prepaid items (Note 1.H.)	8,574
Inventory (Note 1.H.)	301,023
Bond issuance costs, net (Note 1.i.)	598,637
Capital assets, net (Note 8):	·
Land	6,059,839
Buildings and improvements	166,355,712
Furniture and equipment	13,001,564
Construction in progress	5,826,932
Total assets	296,537,320
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	1,630,702
Salaries and wages payable	19,401,702
Unearned revenues	213,371
Due to other governments	11,205
Interest payable - bonds	1,946,406
Other liabilities	11,585
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year (Note 13)	6,798,267
Due in more than one year (Notes 10 and 13)	149,322,807
Total liabilities	179,336,045
Net assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	63,222,322
Restricted for:	
Debt service	9,857,499
Salaries and related benefits	5,248,928
Protested taxes	355,450
Unrestricted	38,517,076
Total net assets	\$ 117,201,275

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statement of Activities Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

			PROGRAM REVENUE	S	NET (EXPENSE)
	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
Functions/programs:					
Instructional services:					
Regular programs	\$ 90,816,902	\$ -	\$ 2,183,969	\$ 171,666	\$ (88,461,267)
Special education programs	22,889,940	-	1,796,533	33,947	(21,059,460)
Vocational programs	1,634,666	•	126,068	101,36B	(1,497,230)
Other instructional programs	2,037,559	165,820	819,135		(1,052,604)
Special programs	5,510,734	-	4,707,166	87,620	(715,948)
Adult/continuing education	568,706	•	488,026	-	(80,680)
Support services:					
Pupil support services	8,367,785	-	1,638,802	57,788	(6,671,195)
Instructional staff support services	11,533,139	-	4,594,637	405,161	(5,533,341)
General administration	2,676,345	•	49,852	-	(2,626,493)
School administration	11,623,090	•	107,514	-	(11,415,576)
Business services	3,806,232	-	728,979	-	(3,077,253)
Plant services	19,078,319	•	542,571	31,411	(18,504,337)
Student transportation services	10,862,598	-	128,983	-	(10,733,615)
Central services	3,293,543	•	234,817	-	(3,058,726)
Noninstructional services:					
Food service operations	11,523,328	1,872,126	5,270,885	_	(4,380,317)
Community service programs	63,182	-	47,076		(16,106)
Facility acquisition and construction	94,411	•	(19,103)	85,146	(28,368)
Long-term obligations:	T 044 400				(P. 66 4 496)
Interest on long-term obligations	5,614,136	•	-	•	(5,614,136)
Technical services	7,817	•	•	•	(7,817)
Legal services	3,665	\$ 2,037,946	e 20 445 010	P 074 407	(3,665)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 211,906,097	\$ 2,037,946	\$ 23,445,910	\$ 974,107	(185,448,134)
General revenues:					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem taxes levied for:					
General purposes					12,413,862
Debt service purposes		•		1	4,439,488
Sales taxes levied for:					
General purposes					15,936,783
Salaries and related benefits					21,115,810
Grants and contributions not					
restricted to specific programs:					
Minimum Foundation Program					106,261,898
State revenue sharing					824,137
Interest and investment earnings					2,974,860
Other					2,819,231
Special item - gain on sale of "old" Claibo	me ≿lementary				1,201,881
Total general revenues					167,987,950
Changes in net assets					(17,460,184)
Net assets at beginning of year					134,661,459
Net assets at end of year					\$ 117,201,275

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.



Our Mission:

Through collaboration among all stakeholders, the Ouachita Parish School System will ensure that all students attain the knowledge and skills needed to be productive citizens.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS GALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2008

(With Comparative Totals For June 30, 2007)

		SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - DISTRICT	P	CAPITAL ROJECTS FUND- EAST			TOT	AL
	GENERAL FUND	#1 SALES TAX		ACHITA 2008 ISTRUCTION	<u> GO/</u>	OTHER PERNMENTAL	\$008	2007
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4)	\$ 13,689,024	\$ 734,342	\$	803,648	\$	13,918,253	\$ 28,145,267	\$ 28,825,252
Investments (Note 5)	15,689,242	13,500,651		18,153,524		12,818,097	60,161,514	34,246,820
Receivables (Note 7):								
Ad valorem taxes	307,594			-		33,162	340,756	125,646
Sales and use taxes	_	1,026,785		-		5,094,748	6,121,533	8.145.692
Federal grants	46,673			-		2,527,397	2,573,970	2,917,604
Other	40,233			13,875		2,062,604	2,116,712	932,048
Due from other funds (Note 14)	3,265,891	-					3,286,891	2,205,776
Inventory (Note 1.H.)	-	-		_		301,023	301,023	199,909
Prepaid items (Note 1.H.)	_	_		_		8,574	8,574	3,907
Total assets	\$ 33,059,557	\$ 15,261,778	\$	18,971,047	Š	36,763,858	\$ 104,058,240	\$ 73,602,664
i sian neorote	PORTO	# 10/mo1167	***************************************	DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF T				
Liabilities and fund belances								
Lisbliffies:								
Accounts payable	\$ 298,639	\$ 61,577	\$	335,415	\$	935.071	\$ 1,630,702	\$ 577,292
Salaries and wages payable	15,448,716	373,960	•	000,710	•	3,579,026	19,401,702	17,437,010
Unearned revenues	(2,440,) 10	010,320		_		213,371	213,371	351,825
Due to other governments	11,205	· ·		-		213,011	11,205	11,205
Other liabilities	3,791			-		7,794	11,208 11,585	95
	2,121	•		•				
Due to other funds (Note 14)	45 300 054	435,537		335,415		3,286,891	3,285,891	2,205,776
Total flabilities	15,762,351	430,001		330,410		8,022,153	24,555,455	20,583,003
Fund balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances	19,965			-		-	19,965	391,564
Reserved for debt service	•					9.857,499	9,657,489	8,941,941
Reserved for capital projects	•	_		18,635,632		7,996,902	28,632,534	-
Reserved for inventory	-	_		_		126,058	126,058	86,375
Reserved for salaries and related benefits	_	_		-		5,248,928	5,248,928	5.394.708
Reserved for protested taxes	250,313					105,137	355,450	355,450
Unreserved:	200,010					100,1	700,100	000,100
Designated reported in Special Revenue Funds:								
Designated for instructional costs		5,337,446		_		_	5,337,446	3,541,308
Designated for capital improvements and		9,001,7110					ميدا بمعاره	D,041,000
facilities acquisition	_	5,633,972		_		_	5,633,972	1,152,993
Designated for mandated costs	-	2,075,674		·		_	2,075,674	5,373,246
Designated for restoration of salery reductions	•	1,779,149		-		•	2,075,674 1,779,149	4,557 ,60 3
	•	1,115,165		• •		-	1,179,140	
Designated for maintenance and operation Unreserved/undesignated reported in:	•			-		-	•	13,049
General Fund	17 026 020						42 600 655	00 040 040
Special Revenue Funds	17,026,928	-		-		5,407,181	17,026,928	20,640,912
Total fund balances	17,297,206	14,826,241		18,635,632			5,407,181	2,570,502
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 33,059,557	\$ 15.261.778	\$	18,971,047	\$	28,741,705 36,763,858	79,500,784 \$ 104,056,240	53,019,651
: Digi gedances entre idai delenaes	g 65,000,001	\$ 10.401,1/6	9	10,8/1,047	40	90,100,008	5 104,056,240	\$ 73,602,854

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds' Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

Total fund balances -	governmental funds
-----------------------	--------------------

\$79,500,784

The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, furniture and equipment) purchased or constructed is reported as an expenditure in Governmental Funds. The Statement of Net Assets includes those capital assets among the assets of the School Board as a whole. The cost of those capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives (as depreciation expense) to the various programs reported as Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities. Because depreciation expense does not affect financial resources, it is not reported in the Governmental Funds.

Cost of capital assets	\$295,500,728		
Accumulated depreciation	(104,256,681)	191,244,047	

The costs associated with issuing bonds are reported as expenditures in the Governmental Funds. The issuance costs are not considered financial resources in the Statement of Net Assets; therefore, the costs are reported on the Statement of Net Assets as an asset net of accumulated amortization.

Bond issuance cost	1,345,343	
Accumulated amortization	(746,706)	598,637
Elimination of interfund assets and liabilities.		
Interfund assets	(3,286,891)	
Interfund liabilities	<u>3,286,891</u>	**

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

(continued)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds' Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets (continued) June 30, 2008

Long term liabilities applicable to the School Board's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities – both current and long term – are reported in the Statement of Net Assets.

Retainages due the in the 2008-09 fiscal year on construction projects are not reported in the Governmental Funds. Retainages have been reported as a liability in the Statement of Net Assets. Post-employment benefits in the Governmental Funds are recorded as an expenditure when paid. The unfunded annual required contribution in the Statement of Net Assets is recognized as a liability as it accrues.

Balances at June 30, 2008 are:

Long-term liabilities:

Compensated absences payable	(\$6,223,512)	
General obligation bonds payable	(55,520,000)	
Deferred amount on refunding - GO bonds	308,692	
Bond discount on refunding - GO bonds	28,326	
Revenue bonds payable	(65,360,000)	•
Deferred amount on refunding - Rev. bonds	225,588	
Bond discount on refunding - Rev. bonds	669	
Tax liability certificates of indebtedness	(7,705,000)	
Bond premium	(23,977)	
Retainages payable	(241,341)	
Other post employment benefits	(20,305,488)	(\$154,816,043)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

(continued)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds' Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets (continued) June 30, 2008

The School Board self-insures for general liability and workers' compensation. Funds to meet these liabilities are deposited in an Internal Service Fund. The Internal Service Fund is not reported with the Governmental Funds. The Internal Service Fund is reported in the Statement of Net Assets. The Internal Service Fund's net assets at June 30, 2008, are as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,570,935	
Investments	1,321,983	
Accounts receivable	32,369	
Claims liability	(1,305,031)	\$2,620,256

Interest on outstanding bonds in the Governmental Funds is recorded as an expenditure when paid. Bond interest in the Statement of Net Assets is recognized as an expense as it accrues.

Accrued interest on outstanding bonds

(1,946,406)

Net Assets

\$117,201,275

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

(concluded)

Governmental funds Statement of Revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

(With Comparative Totals For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007)

	general Fund	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - DISTRECT #1 SALES TAX	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - EAST OUACHITA 2008 CONSTRUCTION	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL		AL
						······································
REVENUES						
Local sources:	\$ 12,413,862	s -	\$.	\$ 4,439,488	\$ 16,853,350	\$ 15,699,168
Ad valorem taxes (Note 6) 1% ad valorem tax - tax collector	453,566	• .	* .	3 4,438,400	463,598	418,256
Sales and use taxes	400,000	5,111,744	•	30,940,849	37,052,593	35,057,228
Earnings on investments	1,516,515	543,371	167,399	747,575	2,074,860	3,047,767
Cash payments for meals	•		•	1,872,126	1,872,126	1,911,034
Other	3,035,790	-		660,232	3,896,022	1,294,645
State sources:			•			
State equalization	104,920,816	•	•	1,341,082	106,261,898	91,746,923
Revenue sharing	824,137	₹	•	-	824,137	773,005
Professional Improvement Program	370,052	-	"	-	379,952 69,405	340,095 38,488
State contribution for teacher retirement (Note 9) Restricted grants-in-aid	50,405 177,602	-	-	5,302,111	5,479,713	3,692,401
Federal sources.	117,002	_	_	Q,VOC, FT F	0)-01-0 1-00	0,002,701
Federal programs	_	•	_	16,741,535	16,741,635	16,427,319
Other federal support	264,303	-	_	349,472	613,775	772,226
Total revenues	124,027,048	6,655,115	167,399	62,394,470	193,244,032	171,218,556
	***************************************	·····			The state of the s	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
instructional services:						
Regular programs	59,749,005	2,443,646	-	13,652,999	75,845,650	66,743,502
Special aducation programs	15,096,656	275,719	•	4,599,594	99,971,763	17,536,087
Vocational programs Other instructional programs	1,079,037 1,164,958	250, 9 81	-	427,266 809,399	1,50 3,3 03 2,02 5,31 8	1,245,105 2,054,941
Special programs	3,297	200,001	-	4,782,283	4,785,580	4,141,145
Adult/continuing education	40,512	•	•	498,160	538,672	476,376
Support services:	40,016			700,100	-10/D: 2	410,010
Pupil support sarvices	4,536,860	476,755		2,505,190	7,620,805	5,807,341
instructional staff support services	5,012,749	113,482	-	5,658,442	10,784,678	7,899,388
General administration	2,054,217	583	16,334	168,697	2,239,831	1,272,117
School administration	9,045,189	81,964	-	1,214,211	10,341,384	9,371,706
Business services	2,667,721	18,739	-	893,526	3,479,98 5	2,277,207
Plant services	14,525,014	1,713,595	195,427	1,922,266	18,356,302	17,122,398
Student transportation services	7,246,014	1.198,550	•	1,112,406	9,554,980	8,585,012
Central services	3,078,875	10,583	•	326,112	3,415,670	2,489,823
Noninstructional services; Food service operations	686,969	132,493		9,995,335	10,616,797	9,756,952
Community service programs	17.043	134,465	_	45,865	62,908	58,343
Facility acquisition and construction	836.423	-	688,113	7.077.849	E,692,385	6.056.011
Debt service (Note 13):	VVV,110		000,770	1 1011 10-10	Diographic	. 0,000,011
Principal		-	-	5,430,000	5,430,000	4,900,000
Interest	-		•	4,933,275	4,933,276	4,734,117
Technical services	•	•	1,439	6,378	7,817	6,528
i.egal faes	2,040	4	•	1,625	3,666	1,550
Bond issuance costs			124,814	<u>65,398</u>	210,212	*
Total expenditures	126,744,579	6,717,073	1,028,127	65,946,076	200,433,855	172,336,244
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,717,531)	(61,958)	(858,728)	(3,551,606)	(7,189,523)	(1,117,686)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from bond sales		-	20,000,000	11,950,000	21,920,000	
Proceeds from sale of essets	14,826	_	,,	-	14,826	6,811
Accrued interest on bond sales	-		-	86,629	86,629	•
Transfers in (Note 16)	•	250,000	•	7,863,111	8,113,111	7,079,832
Transfers out (Note 16)	(1,282,878)			(6,830,233)	(8,113,111)	(7,079,832)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,268,052)	250,000	20,000,000	13,069,507	32,061,455	6,811
SPECIAL ITEM						
Proceeds from sale of "old" Claiborne Elementary	<u> </u>	-		1,619,501	1,619,501	
No. 1 on a constant and the language			4m		A	
Net change in fund belances	(3,985,583)	188,042	19,141,272	11,137,402	26,481,133	(1,110,877)
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year — Fund balances at end of year	21,282,789 \$ 17,297,206	14,638,199 \$ 14,826,241	(505,640) \$ 18,635,632	17,604,303 \$ 28,741,705	62,019,661	54,130,528
Later heletines or part of logi	φ 11,281,200	0 14,020,291	4 10,030,032	\$ 28,741,705	\$ 79,500,784	\$ 53,019,651

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds' Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Total net change in fund balances – Governmental Funds

\$26,481,133

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Elimination of transfers in and out:

Transfers in Transfers out

\$8,113,111

(8,113,111)

Capital outlays are reported in Governmental Funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation in the period:

Capital Outlays	13,166,622	
Depreciation	(7,913,966)	
Decrease in retainage payable	<u>15,478</u>	5,268,134

Capital Assets nor depreciation are reported in the Governmental Funds. Capital assets and accumulated depreciation are reported in the Statement of Net Assets. When an asset is disposed of that is not fully depreciated it results in a loss on the disposal of the asset in the Statement of Activities unless sales proceeds are received which are in excess of carrying value. During the current fiscal year the School Board had a loss on disposal of capital assets of \$24,696.

(24,696)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

(continued)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds' Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.

\$5,430,000

The costs associated with issuing bonds are reported as expenditures in the Governmental Funds. The issuance costs do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, the costs are amortized over the life of the bond issue in the Statement of Net Activities. For the year ended June 30, 2008, bond issuance costs exceeded current year amortization of bond issuance costs as follows:

Bond issuance costs	\$210,213	
Current year amortization of bond issuance costs	(190,771)	19,442

The School Board self-insures for general liability and workers' compensation. Funds to meet these liabilities are deposited in an Internal Service Fund. The Internal Service Fund is not reported with the Governmental Funds; however, it is reported in the Statement of Net Assets. The net assets in the Internal Service Fund decreased from \$3,023,391 at June 30, 2007 to \$2,620,256 at June 30, 2008 for a net decrease of \$403,135

(403, 135)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

(continued)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds' Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses-compensated absences (vacations and sick leave) - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the Governmental Funds; however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This year, vacation and sick time earned (\$1,031,581) exceeded the amount used (\$241,117) by \$790,464.

(\$790,464)

Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the Governmental Funds because accrued interest received from bond sales is recognized as Other Financing Sources when received and interest on outstanding bonds is recognized as an expenditure in the Governmental Funds when it is due, which requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities; however, interest expenses are recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. Interest expense payable at year end decreased from the previous year as follows:

Interest expense payable at June 30, 2008 (\$1,946,406)
Interest expense payable at June 30, 2007 (413,158)

Bond premium from bond sales is reported in the Governmental Funds as Other Financing Sources when received. Bond premium is reported in the Government-wide Financial Statements as a liability and amortized over the life of the bonds. For the year ended June 30, 2008, current year amortization bond premium of \$12,721.

12,721

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

(continued)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds' Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Payments to an escrow agent to refund bonded debt are reported in the Governmental Funds as Other Financing Sources. The amount paid to the escrow agent for principal is removed from the long-term bonded debt in the Statement of Net Assets. The deferred part of the payment paid to the escrow agent is shown as a reduction of long-term debt in the Statement of Net Assets. The deferred amount is amortized over the lesser of the life of the original bonds or the life of the refunding bonds. Current year amortization was \$338,390.

(\$338,390)

Discounts received on refinancing bonds are reported in the Governmental Funds as Other Financing Sources. Bond discounts are reported on the Statement of Net Assets as a reduction of long-term debt and amortized over the lesser of the life of the original bonds or the life of the refunding bonds. Current year amortization of bond discount was \$28,663.

(28,663)

Other post-employment benefits are reported in the Governmental Funds as expenditures when paid. The unfunded annual contribution is reported in the Statement of Activities as it accrues.

(20,305,488)

In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of the "old" Claiborne Elementary property is reported; whereas, in the Governmental Funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the book value (\$1,201,881) of the property sold (\$1,619,501).

(417,620)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

(continued)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds' Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

General obligation and revenue bonds issued in 2008 are included in the Governmental Funds as Other Financing Sources. Bond issues are not reported on the Statement of Activities but are reported as long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Assets.

General obligation bonds issued by East Ouachita

Bond District (\$20,000,000)

Revenue bonds issued by West Ouachita Bond District (11.950,000)

(11.950,000) (\$31,950,000)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

(\$17,460,184)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

(concluded)

Proprietary Fund - Internal Service Fund Comparative Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2008 and 2007

	Total		
	2008	2007	
Assets: Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,570,935	\$ 695,342	
Investments	1,321,983	3,194,468	
Accounts receivable	32,369	2,690	
Total assets	3,925,287	3,892,500	
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	-	700	
Claims liability - due within one year	326,258	217,102	
Noncurrent liabilities:	•	·	
Claims liability	978,773	651,307	
Total liabilities	1,305,031	869,109	
Unrestricted net assets	\$ 2,620,256	\$ 3,023,391	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Proprietary Fund - Internal Service Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	Total				
	2008		2007		
Operating revenue	\$		\$	-	
Operating expenses Self-insurance claims and					
insurance premiums	1,34	19,309	***************************************	776,105	
Operating income (loss)	(1,349,309)		(776,105)		
Nonoperating revenues Earnings on investments	્યું	15,274		162,235	
Loss before transfers	 	(1,234,035)		(613,870)	
Transfers in	8	830,900		-	
Change in net assets	(4	03,135)	((613,870)	
Net assets at beginning of year	**************************************	23,391		,637,261	
Net assets at end of year	\$ 2,6	20,256	\$ 3	,023,391	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

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Proprietary Fund - Internal Service Fund Comparative Statement of Cash Flows

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	Total	
	2008	2007
Cash flows from (used by) operating activities: Claims and premiums paid Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (940,893) (940,893)	\$ (797,776) (797,776)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfer from General Fund	830,900	v.
Cash flows from (used by) investing activities: Sale (purchase) of investments, net Earnings on investments Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	1,870,312 115,274 1,985,586	(493,835) 162,235 (331,600)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,875,593	(1,129,376)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	695,342 \$ 2,570,935	1,824,718 \$ 695,342
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Changes in assets and liabilities:	\$ (1,349,309)	\$ (776,105)
(Increase) decrease in receivables Increase (decrease) in payables Increase (decrease) in claims liability	(27,506) (700) 436,622	(2,690) (7,175) (11,806)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ (940,893)</u>	\$ (797,776)
Noncash Investing activities: Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$ 2,713	\$ 37,861

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

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Fiduciary Fund - Agency Funds Comparative Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

June 30, 2008 and 2007

	Total		
	2008	2007	
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,461,296	\$3,122,635	
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$3,461,296	\$3,122,635	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.



Our Mission:

Through collaboration among all stakeholders, the Ouachita Parish School System will ensure that all students attain the knowledge and skills needed to be productive citizens.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

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(concluded)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Ouachita Parish School Board (School Board) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

GASB Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Because the School Board has a separately elected governing body and is legally separate and fiscally independent, the School Board is a separate governmental reporting entity. For financial reporting purposes, the School Board's financial statements include all funds, schools, agencies and committees for which the School Board is financially accountable. The School Board is not aware of any other entities that should be included within the financial statements.

Certain units of local government, such as other independently elected officials, the parish police jury and municipalities, are excluded from the accompanying financial statements. These units have their own elected governing authorities and are not financially accountable to the School Board.

B. Fund Accounting

The financial transactions of the School Board are recorded in individual funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that include its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses as appropriate. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The School Board uses the following fund categories and fund types.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds account for the School Board's general government activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of capital assets, and the servicing of general long-term debt. Governmental funds are divided into major and nonmajor funds. Major funds are funds that meet certain dollar tests of their assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Major funds are larger, more significant funds. Nonmajor funds are the Governmental Funds that do not meet the dollar tests for major funds. The major and nonmajor funds are described below:

Major Funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School Board. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund and is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District #1 Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund is the only major Special Revenue Fund. For a more detailed description of the major Special Revenue Fund see the Required Supplemental Information - Part B, Budgetary Comparison Schedule.

Capital Projects Funds — Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources received and used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities not reported in the other Governmental Funds. The East Ouachita 2008 Construction Capital Projects Fund is the only major Capital Projects Fund. For a description of this fund see the Capital Projects Funds tab section of the report.

Nonmajor Funds:

The School Board has 10 nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, 3 nonmajor Debt Service Funds, and 2 nonmajor Capital Projects Funds. For a description of these funds see the Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Projects Funds tab sections of the report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Proprietary Funds:

Internal Service Fund - The Internal Service Fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one fund to other funds of the School Board. The Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund, which purchases an insurance policy and accounts for third-party administrative costs and claims, is reported as an internal service fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Agency Funds - The Agency Funds account for assets held by the School Board in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private or school organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. The School Activity Funds and Migrant Funds of other parishes are reported as Agency Funds.

C. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. Fiduciary funds are not included in the GWFS. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Non-exchange transactions are recognized when the School Board has an enforceable legal claim to the revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities.

Program revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the School Board's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the School Board's general revenues.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

General Revenues

General revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from local property and sales taxes and from unrestricted state grants. General revenues finance the remaining balance of a function not covered by program revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses

The School Board reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

Governmental Funds

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds reported in the fund financial statements are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The Proprietary Fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the balance sheet. The Proprietary Fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Operating revenues are charges to the General Fund for insurance related costs such as claims liability and insurance premiums. Nonoperating revenues are revenues that are not derived from charges to the General Fund such as earnings on investments. Proprietary Fund Type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

total net assets. Operating expenses are general liability and worker's compensation claims and worker's compensation insurance premiums.

Governmental funds reported in the fund financial statements are accounted for on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Governmental fund revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual—that is, when they become both measurable and available to pay current period liabilities. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School Board considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end. Such revenue items are ad valorem, sales and use taxes and federal and state entitlements. Ad valorem taxes are considered measurable and are recognized in the calendar year of the tax levy. Sales and use taxes are considered measurable and available when collected by the vendors. Revenue from state and federal grants are recorded when the reimbursable expenditures have been incurred.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due or when amounts have been accumulated in the Debt Service Funds for payments to be made early in the following year. Other post employment benefits (OPEB) are recorded in the Government-wide Financial Statements as an expenditure and as a liability when incurred.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in interest-bearing demand deposits, bank certificates of deposit, as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired. Bank certificates of deposit are stated at cost, which is the same as fair value. Short-term investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

Cash balances of all of the School Board's funds, except for the Payroll Account, are pooled into one master bank account with the School Board's fiscal agent bank. The Payroll Account is maintained in a separate account.

Interest earned on balances maintained in the pooled bank account was distributed to the individual funds based on the cash balance maintained by the unrestricted participating fund during the year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The School Board maintains separate "book" cash accounts for each fund that is pooled within the master bank account. Negative book cash balances appear in the financial statements as a liability, "Due to Other Funds." The balance of these amounts will be paid primarily through collections of grants receivable reimbursements from the Federal and State Departments of Education.

E. Investments

Louisiana Revised Statutes (R.S. 33:2955) and the Board's investment policy govern the investment policies of the School Board. The Ouachita Parish School Board is authorized to invest in U. S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Government instrumentalities, A-!, P-1 commercial paper, and other allowable short-term obligations including repurchase agreements. These are classified as investments if they have a maturity date of 90 days or more from the date of acquisition. Investments are carried at fair value.

Cash management and investment activities shall be conducted in a manner consistent with the "prudent investor" rule which states, "Investments shall be made with judgment and care under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation but for investment considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived."

F. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the fund financial statements balance sheet.

G. Elimination and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column. Interfund services provided and used by the various Governmental Funds have not been eliminated in the process of aggregating data.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

H. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory is accounted for using the consumption method, where expenditures are recognized as inventory when used. Inventory is stated at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis. Inventory consists primarily of commodities and purchased food held for consumption. Purchased food inventory in the governmental funds is equally offset by a fund balance reserve which shows that this inventory does not constitute "available spendable resources" even though

it is a component of total assets. Commodities inventory of \$174,965 is reported as unearned revenues, leaving a reserved fund balance of \$126,058 for purchased food.

Certain payments to vendors for travel expenditures reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

L Bond Issuance Costs

Costs (bond rating fees, attorney fees, printing, etc.) associated with issuing bonds are capitalized and amortized over the life of the bond issue in the Government-wide Financial Statements. The bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the Fund Financial Statements. The following is a summary of governmental activities bond issuance cost transactions for the year ended June 30, 2008:

	Bond Issuance	Accumulated
	Costs	Amortization
Balance June 30, 2007	\$598,637	\$555,935
Additions	<u>746,706</u>	190,771
Balance June 30, 2008	<u>\$1,345,343</u>	<u>\$746,706</u>

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, and equipment, are reported as governmental funds in the Governmental-wide Financial Statements. The School Board considers assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life of 2 years or more as a capital asset.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Estimated useful life is management's estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands. Capital assets have not been assigned a salvage value because management feels that the salvage value is immaterial. Straight-line depreciation is used based on the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings 40 years
Furniture and equipment 5-15 years

Public domain (infrastructure) capital assets (e.g. parking lots, sidewalks, and other assets that are immovable and of value only to the government) were capitalized as part of the construction cost of the buildings.

K. Uncarned Revenues

The School Board reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Assets and on the Fund Financial Statements' balance sheet. Unearned revenues arise when the School Board receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the School Board has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the Governmental Fund's Fund Financial Statements' balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

L. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or propriety funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the Government-wide Financial Statements.

M. Compensated Absences

All 12-month employees earn from 10 to 15 days of annual leave each year depending on length of service with the School Board. Annual leave is credited at the beginning of each fiscal year and a maximum of five days can be accumulated and carried forward into a new fiscal year. Upon termination of employment, unused annual leave up to 20 days is paid to employees at the employees' current rates of pay.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

All school employees earn ten days of sick leave each year. Sick leave may be accumulated without limitations. Upon retirement, unused accumulated sick leave of up to 25 days is paid to employees at the employees' current rates of pay. The accrual recorded for earned sick leave is based on a 25-day maximum per employee. Sick leave is not payable upon discharge or termination. Upon retirement, accumulated sick leave is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service.

Sick and vacation leave are reported in the Statement of Net Assets as a long-term liability and expensed in the Statement of Activities. Sick and vacation leave accrued in the Statement of Net Assets as of the end of the fiscal year are valued using employees' current rates of pay. Neither the School Board nor the employees are required to contribute to the retirement system for sick and annual leave payments. Accrued sick and vacation leave will be paid from future years' resources. No allowance is made for the immaterial amounts of sick leave forfeited when employees resign or retire. A liability for sick and annual leave is reported in the Governmental Funds only if they are payable at year end as the result of an employee's retirement.

N. Long-Term Liabilities

Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized in the fund financial statements in the period the bonds are issued. Bond proceeds are reported as an Other Financing Source. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the Government-wide Financial Statements bond premiums and issuance costs are reported on the balance sheet net of amortization and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bond discounts have been reported in the Government-wide Financial Statements as a reduction of long-term liability, net of accumulated amortization. Bond proceeds have been reported in the Government-wide Financial Statements as a long-term liability.

The current cost of other post-employment benefits is recognized in the fund financial statements in the year earned. Other post-employment benefits earned prior to the implementation of GASB 45 in fiscal year 2008 are to be recognized 3% per year for the years 2008 – 2037.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

O. Restricted Net Assets

For the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets, net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either:

Externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments;

Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

In the Statement of Net Assets the following items are considered restricted:

Debt service is considered restricted because an ad valorem tax has been levied specifically to meet the principal and interest payments of various bond issues.

Salaries and related benefits are considered restricted as it represents undistributed salaries and related benefits from sales taxes restricted by sales tax propositions exclusively for this purpose.

Protested taxes are considered restricted because the taxpayer has filed suit protesting the ad valorem tax assessment and the amount of the tax. Distribution of the tax is pending settlement of the suit.

P. Reserves and Designations of Fund Financial Statements

Portions of fund equity reported in the Fund Financial Statements are reserved for future use and are, therefore, not available for future appropriation or expenditure. Designations of unreserved fund balances indicate the School Board's tentative plans for the use of financial resources in a future period.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

O. Sales and Use Tax

The voters of Ouachita Parish have authorized the collection of four sales and use taxes for the benefit of the School Board. The first of these is a .5% sales and use tax levied and collected jointly by the City of Monroe School Board and the Ouachita Parish School Board. The net proceeds of the tax are to be allocated and prorated between the two school boards annually on the basis of average daily membership for the preceding school year. The tax revenue is to be used exclusively to supplement other revenues available to the School Board for the following purposes:

Eighty-eight percent of the revenues received by the School Board are to be used for the payment of the salaries of teachers, as defined by the Louisiana State Department of Education.

Twelve percent of the revenues received by the School Board are to be used for the payment of salaries to designated personnel, other than teachers.

The second of these taxes is an additional 1% sales and use tax levied and collected by the School Board only, and is to be used exclusively to supplement other revenue available to the School Board for the purpose of teacher and School Board employees' salaries and benefits.

The third of these taxes is an additional .5% sales and use tax levied and collected by the School Board only. The tax revenue is to be used exclusively to supplement other revenues available to the School Board for the following purposes:

Thirty-eight percent of the revenues received by the School Board are to be used for capital improvements and facility and equipment support.

Thirty-six percent of the revenues received by the School Board are to be used for classroom instruction.

Fourteen percent of the revenues received by the School Board are to be used for the payment of mandated costs.

Twelve percent of the revenues received by the School Board are to be used to restore salary reductions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The fourth of these is an additional 1% sales and use tax levied and collected by the West Ouachita Parish School Bond District for a period of 27 years through the year 2025. The tax proceeds are to be used for constructing, acquiring, improving, equipping, furnishing, maintaining, and/or operating schools and school related facilities in the district, with the proceeds of the tax being subject to funding into bonds for capital improvements.

R. Self-Insurance

The School Board is exposed to risks from damage to property from natural disasters and fires and for errors and omissions. The School Board is covered through insurance policies for these risks. The School Board is also at risk from injuries to students, employees, and citizens incurred on our facilities through negligence and to employees being injured on the job. The School Board is partially self-insured for workers' compensation and general liability insurance coverage, and maintains policies with large deductibles for property and fleet vehicle insurance. The School Board has an excess insurance policy which covers individual workers' compensation claims and occurrences in excess of \$350,000. The School Board self-insures for the retention. The School Board has not had claims to exceed its insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Revenues that finance the operations of the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund are considered operating revenues and include charges for services and insurance proceeds from losses. Revenues that are not derived directly from the operations of the self-insurance program are considered nonoperating revenues and include earnings on investments. The School Board has increased the net assets in the Internal Service Fund over the years by transfers from the General Fund to cover future catastrophic losses.

Expenses related to these plans are recognized in the self-insurance fund as claims are incurred. A liability for unpaid and incurred but not reported claims is based on the School Board's known claims and its previous experience. A third-party administrator, who processes and investigates claims, pays valid claims and estimates the liabilities for unpaid claims, manages the workers' compensation and general liability plans. School Board personnel manage the remaining plans.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

During fiscal year 2008, total expenses for claims and insurance premiums related to the self-insurance plans were \$1,349,309. The School Board's activity in claims liability for fiscal years 2007 and 2006 was:

	2008	2007
Claims liability at beginning of the year	\$868,409	\$880,215
Incurred claims and provision for incurred but not reported	1,688,070	733,346
Claims payments	(1,251,448)	(745,152)
Claims liability at the end of the year	\$1,305,031	\$868,409
Claims liability due within one year	\$326,258	\$217,102

S. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

T. Special Items

Special items are transactions or events within the control of the school board, which are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The sale of the old Claiborne Elementary School property in January 2008 for \$1,619,501 is reported as a special item in the Governmental Funds' Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. The \$1,201,881 net gain on the sale is reported as a special item in the Statement of Activities.

2. Deficit Fund Equity

The School Food Service Special Revenue Fund has a deficit in unreserved fund balance (net assets) of \$782,941 at June 30, 2008. Management plans to eliminate the deficit in the School Food Service Special Revenue Fund by closely monitoring expenditures and reducing expenditures where possible. In addition, School Food Service plans to increase the price per meal for the 2008-09 school year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

3. Expenditures - Budget and Actual

The following individual nonmajor special revenue and debt service funds had actual expenditures over total budgeted expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Fund	Budget	Actual	With Final Budget
Nonmajor Special Revenue			
Funds:			
West Ouachita Sales Tax	\$948,225	\$1,024,955	(\$76,730)
School Food Service	8,553,843	9,234,830	(680,987)
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds:			
East Ouachita Bond	3,627,690	3,642,437	(14,747)

West Ouachita Sales Tax Fund actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures due to unanticipated additional repairs which were required at year end. The excess of expenditures over budgeted expenditures in the School Food Service Fund was the result of underestimating food and utility costs. East Ouachita Bond actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures due to underestimating fiscal agent administrative cost.

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Custodial credit risk-deposits. At year-end, as reported on the Statement of Net Assets and the Agency Funds' Comparative Statement of Assets and Liabilities, the book balances of the School Board's deposits (including bank certificates of deposit) were \$31,716,202 and \$3,461,296, respectively. The School Board had bank balances totaling \$38,722,087 at June 30, 2008 of which \$951,859 were covered by federal depository insurance and \$37,770,228 were covered by collateral held by the trust department of agents of the pledging financial institutions in the School Board's name. Securities that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States Government and its agencies, and obligations of the State of Louisiana and its municipalities and school districts. Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provisions of GASB Statement 3, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the district that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

Individual funds with significant book cash deficit balances at June 30, 2008 were as follows:

Fund	Cash Deficit	
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:		
School Food Service	\$ 446,167	
Title I Programs	564,336	
Special Education IDEA-B	411,941	
Other Federal Programs	512,442	
State Grants	1,216,209	
Total	\$3,151,095	

5. Investments

Investments are limited by Louisiana Revised Statute 33:2955 and the School Board's Investment Policy. The Board's investment policy allows funds which are available for investment and above immediate cash requirements to be invested in accordance with the following: a.) first priority shall be to secure safety of principle. b.) second priority shall be to ensure liquidity of funds to meet the obligations of the School Board. c.) third priority shall be the yield of investments. The School Board's investments of \$61,483,497 as of June 30, 2008, consist of the following and are carried at fair value:

Investment Type	Fair Value	% of Total	Credit Risk
U. S. Government Instrumentalities:			
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	\$12,448,575	20.2%	AAA
Federal National Mortgage Association	6,339,157	10.3%	AAA
Federal Home Loan Bank	4,915,314	8.0%	AAA
Federal Farm Credit	634,964	1.0%	AAA
Tennessee Valley Authority	1,377,354	2.2%	AAA
Investment Pools:			
Argent Trust	28,192,526	46.0%	AAA
Merrill Lynch	7,575,607	12.3%	AAA
Total	<u>\$61,483,497</u>	100.00%	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

5. Investments (continued)

Credit risk. All of the School Board's investments, as shown in the previous table, are rated AAA as measured by Standard & Poor's Corporation.

Concentration of credit risk. Applicable state statutes do not place limits on credit concentration. The School Board does not limit the amount that may be invested in securities of any one issuer.

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the School Board manages its exposure to declines in fair values by using the weighted average maturity method. This method takes into account the timing of maturities and the amounts that are required to mature on specific dates to meet liquidity needs. Of the amount invested in U. S. Government instrumentalities, \$24,669,058 mature in less than twelve months and \$1,046,306 mature in twenty months. The remaining \$35,768,133 of the total portfolio is held in investment pools. These investments are bond proceeds held for the purpose of construction. The maturity dates are thirty-six months or less and follow the construction draw-down schedules for those specific funds. A laddering strategy which spreads maturity dates is used to meet liquidity requirements and to decrease interest rate risk.

6. Ad Valorem Taxes

All taxable property in Louisiana is required by law to be assessed annually at a percentage of its fair market value by the parish assessor, except for public utility property, which is assessed by the Louisiana Tax Commission.

The 1974 Louisiana Constitution provides that land and residential property are to be assessed at 10% of fair market value; however, agricultural, horticultural, marsh lands, timber lands, and certain historic buildings are to be assessed at 15% of fair market value. Fair market values are determined by the elected assessor of the parish and are subject to review and final certification by the Louisiana Tax Commission. The assessor is required to reappraise all property every four years.

The School Board is permitted by constitutional and statutory authority of the State to levy taxes up to 29.33 mills per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for operations other than the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. This is the amount which was levied for fiscal 2008.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

6. Ad Valorem Taxes (continued)

The School Board was authorized by the citizens of the East Ouachita Bond District to levy taxes sufficient enough to pay the annual principal and interest on the general obligation bonds. The School Board levied 30.0 mills on the 2007 tax roll for the East Ouachita Bond District. The Sheriff of Ouachita Parish, as provided by State law, is the official tax collector of general property taxes levied by the School Board.

The Sheriff of Ouachita Parish, as provided by State law, is the official tax collector of general property taxes levied by the School Board. The 2007 property tax calendar was as follows:

Millage rates adopted

Levy date

November 7, 2007

Tax bills mailed

November 16, 2007

Due date

December 31, 2007

Lien date

January 1, 2008

State law requires the Sheriff to collect property taxes in the calendar year in which the assessment is made. Property taxes become delinquent January 1 of the following year. If taxes are not paid by the due date, taxes bear interest at the rate of 1.25% per month until the taxes are paid. After notice is given to the delinquent taxpayers, the Sheriff is required by the Constitution of the State of Louisiana to sell the least quantity of property necessary to settle the taxes and interest owed.

All property taxes are recorded in the General Fund and in the East Ouachita Bond Debt Service Fund on the basis explained in Note 1.C. Revenues in such funds are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Property taxes are considered measurable in the calendar year of the

tax levy. Delinquent taxes considered to be uncollectible are not recorded as revenues. Property taxes receivable are considered available because they are substantially collected within 60 days subsequent to year-end.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

7. Receivables

The receivables of \$11,185,340 at June 30, 2008, as reported on the Governmental Funds and Internal Service Fund Balance Sheets, were as follows:

	General	Major Special Revenue Fund - District #1	Major Capital Projects Fund – East Ouachita 2008	Nonmajor Funds - Other	Internal Service	
_	Fund	Sales Tax	Construction	Governmental	Fund	Total
Taxes:						
Ad valorem	\$307,594	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33,162	\$ -	\$ 340,756
Sales and						
use	•	1,026,785	•	5,094,748	•	6,121,533
Federal						
grants	46,573	_	-	2,527,397	-	2,573,970
Other	40,233		13,875	2,062,604	32,369	2,149,081
Total	<u>\$394,400</u>	\$1,026,785	<u>\$13,875</u>	<u>\$9,717,911</u>	\$ 32,369	<u>\$11,185,340</u>

All receivables are expected to be collected within the next fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

8. Capital Assets

The changes in capital assets were as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2007	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2008
Governmental Activities:	,		-	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$6,262,6 9 9	\$25,560	(\$228,420)	\$6,059,839
Construction in progress-				
Buildings	<u>5,262,469</u>	5.814.932	(5,250,469)	<u>5.826.932</u>
Total capital assets, not				
being depreciated	<u>11,525,168</u>	<u> 5.840.492</u>	(5,478,889)	<u> 11.886,771</u>
Capital assets, being				
depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	240,418,961	7,559,543	(1,300,801)	246,677,703
Furniture and equipment	32.582,514	5.017.056	(663,316)	36,936,254
Total capital assets, being				
Depreciated	273,001,475	12,576,599	(1,964,117)	283,613,957
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and				
Improvements	(76,150,253)	(5,283,339)	1,111,601	(80,321,991)
Furniture and equipment	(21.942,686)	(2,630,627)	638,623	(23,934,690)
Total accumulated				
Depreciation	(<u>98,092,939)</u>	(7,913,966)	1,750,224	(104,256,681)
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	174,908,536	4,662,633	(213.893)	<u>179,357,276</u>
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$186,433,704	\$10,503,125	(\$5,692,782)	<u>\$191,244,047</u>

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

8. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instructional services:	
Regular programs	\$5,874,493
Special education programs	134,921
Vocational programs	32,871
Other instructional programs	224,008
Special programs	142,687
Adult/continuing education	960
Support services:	
Pupil support services	20,604
Instructional staff support services	57,058
General administration	8,557
School administration	1,486
Business services	36,845
Plant services	444,716
Student transportation services	614,950
Central services	217,997
Non-instructional services:	
Food service operations	101,813
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$7,913,966</u>

During the 2007-08 fiscal year, the School Board entered into contracts totaling \$12,456,507 and in the 9 previous years the School Board entered into contracts totaling \$152,633,204 to construct 8 new schools and to make repairs and renovations to 28 schools. The construction is estimated to take three more years to complete. Work started but not completed during the 2008 fiscal year on contracts totaling \$5,826,932, was capitalized as construction in progress - buildings. At June 30, 2008, the School Board had \$241,341 in retainages related to construction in progress. The retainages will be paid at the completion of the projects in the 2008-09 fiscal year. The retainages have not been included on the June 30, 2008, balance sheet of the Fund Financial Statements, as they will not be paid from available spendable resources. At June 30, 2008, these contracts have \$5,273,704 remaining in work to be completed within the next year. The contracts will be paid by the capital project funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

9. Retirement Systems

In 1996, the School Board adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers. The School Board had no pension liability or asset at the effective date of the transition.

Substantially all employees of the School Board are members of two statewide retirement systems. In general, professional employees (such as teachers and principals) and lunchroom workers are members of the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRS); other employees, such as custodial personnel and bus drivers, are members of the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS). These systems are cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by separate boards of trustees. Pertinent information relative to each plan follows:

A. Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRS)

Plan Description:

The TRS consists of three membership plans: Regular Plan, Plan A, and Plan B. The School Board participates in two of the membership plans — the Regular Plan and Plan A. The TRS provides retirement benefits as well as disability and survivor benefits. Ten years of service credit are required to become vested for retirement benefits and five years to become vested for disability and survivor benefits. Benefits are established and amended by State statute.

The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the TRS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana, Post Office Box 94123, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9123, or by calling (225) 925-6446.

Funding Policy:

Plan members are required to contribute 8.0% and 9.1% of their annual covered salary for the Regular Plan and Plan A, respectively. The School Board is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The School Board's contribution rate of annual covered payroll for the regular membership plan and for Plan A for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were 16.6%, 15.8%, and 15.9%, respectively. Member contributions and employer contributions for the TRS are established by state law and rates are established by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. The School Board's employer contribution for the TRS, as

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

9. Retirement Systems (continued)

provided by state law, is funded by the State of Louisiana through annual appropriations, by deductions from local ad valorem taxes, and by remittances from the School Board.

The School Board's contributions to the TRS for the years ending June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$15,593,453, \$12,683,766, and \$11,988,743, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

B. Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS)

Plan Description:

The LSERS provides retirement benefits as well as disability and survivor benefits. Ten years of service credit is required to become vested for retirement benefits and five years to become vested for disability and survivor benefits. Benefits are established and amended by state statute. The LSERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the LSERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System, Post Office Box 44516, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804, or by calling (225) 925-6484.

Funding Policy:

Plan members are required to contribute 7.50% of their annual covered salary and the School Board is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The School Board's contribution rate of annual covered payroll for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were 18.1%, 19.6% and 18.4%, respectively. Member contributions and employer contributions for the LSERS are established by state law and rates are established by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. The School Board's employer contribution for the LSERS, as provided by state law, is funded by the State of Louisiana through annual appropriations and by remittances from the School Board.

The School Board's contribution to LSERS for the years ending June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$1,903,742, \$1,906,512, and \$1,587,150, respectively, equal to the required contributions for the year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

10. Other Post Employment Benefits

As permitted by Louisiana Revised Statute 17:1223, the School Board provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for certain retired employees through the State group insurance plan, an agent multiple employer defined benefit plan. These benefits if they reach normal retirement age, as defined under the applicable retirement system (see Note 9), while working for the School Board. Currently the Ouachita Parish School Board's post employment benefits plan provides employees with a choice of participation in one of four medical insurance plans, each with varying benefits: preferred provider organization (PPO), exclusive provider organization (EPO), or health maintenance organization (HMO). LSA-R.S. 42:801 – 859 assigns the authority to establish benefit plans and premium rates and negotiate contracts to the Office of Group Benefits under the direction of the Commissioner of Administration. The Office of Group Benefits issues a separate financial report which may be obtained by contacting them at:

Office of Group Benefits State of Louisiana P.O. Box 44036 Baton Rouge, LA 70804 Phone: (800)215-1093

Website: www.groupbenefits.org

The School Board recognizes the cost of providing these benefits (the School Board's portion of premiums) as an expenditure in the Governmental Funds when the monthly premiums are due. The cost of retiree benefits totaled \$4,802,940 during fiscal 2008; approximately 954 retirees receive benefits under this plan.

In the Government—wide Financial Statements in accordance with GASB 45 starting with the 2008 fiscal year, the cost of health care and life insurance benefits for active employees is expensed when earned. The liability for health care and life insurance for active and retired employees previously earned benefits has been calculated and will be amortized over 30 years. The normal costs and the accrued liability for previously earned benefits are based on the following data and assumptions:

Mortality Rate

The mortality rate was determined by using the RP-2000 Static Healthy Mortality Table (sex distinct) with floating AA projections with the following assumptions:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

10. Other Post Employment Benefits (continued)

- 1. Employee mortality is projected to valuation plus 15 years
- 2. Annuitant mortality is projected to valuation plus 7 years

Investment Return Assumption (Discount Rate) and Inflation Rate

While GASB 45 allocates the costs of a postretirement benefit plan over the years of active employment (when the promise of future benefits is potentially motivating an employee), it does not require the funding of such benefits. There are two key points that need to be noted in this regard. First, the choice of the discount rate used in measuring the liabilities of the benefits is tied to the funding vehicle or lack thereof. GASB 45 requires the use of a discount rate for an unfunded plan equal to what the sponsor earns on its general assets. Since a lower discount rate leads to higher liabilities, a funded plan will have lower liabilities than an unfunded plan with identical provisions and membership. Since it is anticipated that the annual required contribution will not be funded, a 4% annual investment return is assumed in the actuarial evaluation which represents a reasonable estimate of short-term pooled funds.

Amortization Method and Period

The level dollar closed amortization method has been used. An amortization period of 30 years has been used for the medical benefits and for the life insurance benefits. The valuation used the closed group method, under which future entrants are not considered.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

In the absence of readily available cost trend data from the Office of Group Benefits, the expected rate of increase in healthcare insurance premiums is based on an understanding of the plan and *Milliman's Health Cost Guidelines*. The assumed annual per capita cost of medical and pharmacy benefits for select ages are illustrated below. These are gross amounts prior to reduction for any retiree contributions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

10. Other Post Employment Benefits (continued)

PPO

Medicare Eligible			
		Retiree	Retiree
		<u>Only</u>	& Spouse
Pre-65		\$11,676	\$20,617
Post-65		\$3,797	\$6,825
Not Medicare Eligible			
		Retiree	Retiree
		<u>Only</u>	& Spouse
Pre-65		\$11,676	\$20,617
Post-65		\$11,676	\$14,704
	an mark		
	EPO	WW	
		Retiree	Retiree
		<u>Only</u>	& Spouse
Pre-65		\$12,143	\$21,442
Post-65		\$3,948	\$7,097
	нмо		
•		Retiree	Retiree
		Only	& Spouse
Pre-65		\$11,209	\$19,792
			•
Post-65		\$3,645	\$6,552

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

10. Other Post Employment Benefits (continued)

Medical Inflation (Trend Assumption)

The trend assumptions for medical and pharmacy costs and retiree premiums are summarized below:

	Tr	end
	Pre-	Post-
Year Year	Medicare	Medicare
2008	10.75%	9.00%
2009	10.50%	8.75%
2010	10.25%	8.50%
2011	9.50%	8.25%
2012	8.50%	7.75%
2013	7.50%	7.25%
2014	6.50%	6.50%
2015	5.50%	5.75%
2016 and ongoing	5.00%	5.00%

Life Insurance

- Life insurance amount for retirees as provided in data
- Life insurance amount for future retirees \$30,000 assumed
- Employee contributions \$171.12, decreasing to \$132.48 at age 65, decreasing to \$80.64 at age 70. Contributions assumed to increase 3.2% per year

Withdrawal Rates

The following service related sample withdrawal rates are shown below:

Age	<u>Males</u>	Females
25	7.0%	7.0%
30	8.0%	8.0%
35	6.0%	6.0%
40	3.0%	3.0%
45	2.0%	2.0%
50	2.0%	2.0%

The rate of withdrawal is multiplied by 1.25 for the year first of employment.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

10. Other Post Employment Benefits (continued)

Disability Rates

The following service related sample disability rates are shown below:

Age	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
25	0.01%	0.01%
30	0.03%	0.03%
35	0.06%	0.06%
40	0.10%	0.10%
45	0.18%	0.18%
50	0.24%	0.24%
55	0.47%	0.47%

Retirement Rate

It is assumed that entitlement to benefits will commence at the expected retirement date (that is, the date at which the eligible employee will actually retire) under the pension plan which covers employees. It is assumed that this retirement date is <u>three years later</u> that the earliest date at which the employee is eligible for regular retirement benefits. That "regular retirement" date is defined as the earliest of the following:

³⁰ years of service credit at any age; or

²⁵ years of service credit at age 55; or

⁵ years of service credit at age 60.

²⁰ years of service at any age - early retirement

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

10. Other Post Employment Benefits (continued)

The assumed percent of employees reaching retirement are as follows:

Retirement Rates

Age	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
38	5.0%	5.0%
39	6.0%	6.0%
40	4.0%	4.0%
45	3.0%	3.0%
50	3.0%	3.0%
55	10.3%	10.3%
60	27.7%	27.7%
65	33.0%	33.0%
70	38.3%	38.3%
71	38.5%	38.5%
72	100.0%	100.0%

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The amount of the current employer portion of the healthcare premiums for retiree coverage has been used as the basis for calculating the actuarial present value of benefits to be paid; the Office of Group Benefits' "Official Schedule of Rates" effective July 1, 2007 has been used for this purpose. It has been assumed 100 % of employees who elect coverage while in active employment and who are eligible for retiree medical benefits will continue the same medical coverage in retirement. It is assured that 40% of members electing coverage will also elect coverage for a spouse. Females are assumed to be three years younger than males.

Actuarial Cost Method

The actuarial cost method determines, in a systematic way, the incidence of plan sponsor contributions required to provide plan benefits. It also determines how actuarial gains and losses are recognized in OPEB costs. These gains and losses result from the difference between the actual experience under the plan and what was anticipated by the actuarial assumptions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

10. Other Post Employment Benefits (continued)

The cost of the Plan is derived by making certain specific assumptions as to rates of interest, mortality, turnover, etc. which are assumed to hold for many years into the future. Since actual experience may differ somewhat from the long term assumptions, the costs determined by the valuation must be regarded as estimates of the true costs of the Plan.

Actuarial liabilities and comparative costs were computed using the unit credit actuarial cost method, which consists of the following cost components:

- 1. The normal cost is the actuarial present value of benefits allocated to the evaluation year.
- 2. The actuarial accrued liability is the actuarial present value of benefits accrued as of the valuation date.
- 3. Valuation assets are equal to the market value of assets as of the valuation date, if any.
- 4. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability is the difference between the actuarial accrued liability and the valuation assets. It is amortized over the maximum permissible period under GASB 45 of 30 years.

It should be noted that GASB 45 allows a variety of cost methods to be used. This method was selected because it is generally easy to understand and is widely used for the valuation of post employment benefits other than pensions.

Actuarial Value of Plan Assets

Actuarial value of assets is the value of cash, investments, and other property belonging to the plan, as used by the actuary for the purpose of an actuarial valuation. Since this is the first actuarial valuation, there are not any assets to be actuarially valued; however, it is anticipated that future valuations of actuarial assets will be based on Actuarial Standards Board Actuarial Standard of Practice Number 6, Measuring Retiree Group Benefit Obligations, which is applicable to post employment benefits plans and generally requires valuing dedicated plan assets using a method that takes into account market value.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. The actuarial valuation for post employment benefits includes estimates and assumptions regarding (1) turnover rate; (2) retirement rate; (3) healthcare

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

10. Other Post Employment Benefits (continued)

cost trend rate; (4) mortality rate; (5) discount rate (investment return assumption); and (6) the period to which the costs apply (past, current, or future years of service by employees). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actuarial results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The actuarial calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plans (the plans as understood by the Ouachita Parish School Board Fund and its employee plan members) at the time of the valuation and on the pattern of sharing costs between the Ouachita Parish School Board and its plans members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effect of legal or contractual funding limitation on the pattern of cost sharing between the Ouachita Parish School Board and plan members in the future. Consistent with the long-term perspective of actuarial calculation, the actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

The following table shows the Ouachita Parish School Board's annual post employment benefits cost, percentage of that cost contributed and the net unfunded post employment benefits liability:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Post Employment Benefits Cost	Percentage of Annual Cost Contributed	Net Unfunded Post Employment Benefits Liability
6/30/08	\$25,522,412	20.4%	\$20,305,488

Funded Status and Funding Progress

In 2008 the Ouachita Parish School Board made no contribution to a post employment benefits plan trust since such a trust had not been established. The plan was not funded at all, has no assets, and hence has a funded ratio of zero. As of June 30, 2008 the first and most recent actuarial valuation, the actuarial accrued liability was \$20,305,488, which is defined as that portion, as determined by a particular actuarial cost method (the Ouachita Parish School Board used the Unit Credit Cost method), of an actuarial present value of a post employment plan benefits and expenses which is not provided by normal cost (i.e. the cost of the actuarial present value of post employment benefits for active employees from their hire date through June 30, 2008, and for retired employees from their hire date through their date of retirement). Since the plan was not funded in 2008, the entire actuarial accrued liability of \$20,305,488 was unfunded. The annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan, called the covered payroll, was

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

10. Other Post Employment Benefits (continued)

\$114,612,602 in 2008; the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 17.7%. (Salaries are not used to determine either medical or life post employment benefits).

Annual Post Employment Benefits Cost and Net Post Employment Benefits Liability

The table below shows the Ouachita Parish School Board's annual post employment benefits for the year ended June 30, 2008, and changes in the unfunded post employment benefits liability:

Normal Cost 30-year actuarial accrued liability amortization of medical and	\$11, 8 35, 9 99
life insurance	13,686,413
Annual required contribution (ARC)	25,522,412
Interest on prior year net post employment	
benefits liability	-0-
Adjustments to the annual required	
contribution	
Annual post employment benefits expense	25,522,412
Contributions made	(5,216,924)
Increase in unfunded post employment	
benefits liability	20,305,488
Unfunded post employment	_
liability – July 1, 2007	
Unfunded post employment benefits	
liability –June 30, 2008	<u>\$20,305,488</u>

Required Contribution Rates

As determined by the Office of Group Benefits and approved by the Louisiana Legislature, the employer paid 75% of the premium cost for post employment benefits for retired employees and their families, and the retirees paid 25% of the premium cost; monthly premium cost for retired employees ranged from \$76 for a single retiree over the age 65 in the HMO plan to \$493 for a

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

10. Other Post Employment Benefits (continued)

retiree and spouse under the age of 65 in the EPO plan. Employees do not contribute to their post employment benefits costs until they become retirees and begin receiving those benefits.

The Ouachita Parish School Board's annual medical and life post employment benefits cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer, and amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement Number 45. The Ouachita Parish School Board's annual required contribution represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) over a period of thirty (30) years for health and life insurance. The total net annual required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2008, is \$25,522,412, none of which was funded in 2008 because the trust had not been established. The total unfunded post employment benefits liability at June 30, 2008 was \$231,448,794.

Funding Policy

Currently, there are no requirements for employers to contribute to their post employment benefits plans. In 2007-08, the Ouachita Parish School Board recognized the cost of providing these benefits (the Ouachita Parish School Board's portion of premiums) as an expense when the benefits premiums were due and thus financed the cost of post employment benefits on a pay-asyou-go basis. It implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by employers for Post employment Benefits Other than Pension (GASB Statement 45), prospectively in 2007-08 and at that time began to record its portion of premiums as an expense during the period of active service by the employee (normal cost). In 2008 and 2007, the Ouachita Parish School Board's portion of health care and life insurance benefit premium, for both active and retired employees totaled \$15,939,746 and \$14,722,308, respectively. The School Board at this time does not plan to fund the post employment liability other than the monthly health and life insurance premiums as they become due.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Ouachita Parish School Board's principal source of revenues, consist mainly of the Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) funding from the State of Louisiana and local ad valorem and sales taxes. If the amount of these revenues fall below budgeted levels, the Ouachita Parish School Board operation results could be adversely affected.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

11. Deferred Compensation Plan

The School Board offers a deferred compensation plan for employees under the provisions of Internal Revenue Service Code 457 (Deferred Compensation Plan).

Part-time and substitute employees are required to contribute 7.5% of their compensation to the Deferred Compensation Plan. Full-time employees may voluntarily make contributions to the Deferred Compensation Plan. The School Board does not contribute to the Deferred Compensation Plan. At June 30, 2008, the Plan had assets with an approximate market value of \$1,362,359. The assets in the Plan are held in trust solely for the benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. Therefore, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 32 they are not reported in the School Board's financial statements.

12. Agency Fund Deposits Due Others (FFS level only)

A summary of changes in agency fund deposits due others follows:

	Balance July 1, 2007	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2008
Agency Funds: School Activity Migrant Funds of	\$3,122,635	\$10,614,338	(\$10,275,677)	\$3,461,296
Other Parishes	_	47,532	(47,532)	——————————————————————————————————————
Total	\$3,122,635	\$10,661,870	(\$10,323,209)	\$3,461,296

13. General Long-Term Obligations

The general obligation bonds are obligations of East Ouachita Bond District, with maturities from 2008 to 2032 and interest rates from 3.25% to 7.00%. General obligation bonds' principal and interest requirements are funded in accordance with Louisiana law by the annual ad valorem tax levy on taxable property within the respective taxing districts. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 39:562, the School Board is legally restricted from incurring long-term general obligation bonded debt in excess of 35% of the total assessed value of all property in the taxing district. At June 30, 2008, the statutory limit and debt margins are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

13. General Long-Term Obligations (continued)

	East Ouachita Bond
Assessed Value	<u>\$203,065,511</u>
35% of assessed value	\$71,072,929
Outstanding General Obligation Bonds	(55,520,000)
Debt Margin	<u>\$15.552.929</u>

The following shows the changes in general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, and limited tax certificates of indebtedness:

				Interest		
Outstanding			Outstanding	Rate On	Total	
	July 1,			June 30,	Unpaid	Future
Original Issue	2907	Borrowings	Payments	2008	Debt	Interest
General obligation bonds:						
4.5%-6.0% issued 3/1/99;					6.0%-	
due 2008-2024	\$1,805,000	-	(\$880,000)	\$925,000	6.1%	\$55,500
5.2%-7.0% issued 3/1/00;					5,2%-	
due 2008-2025	1,365,000	-	(430,000)	935,000	7.0%	73,808
3.0%-4.5% issued 4/26/05;					3.25%-	
due 2008-2025	12,390,000	-	(85,000)	12,305,000	4.5%	5,576,825
3.625%-4.750% issued 3/14/06;					3.625%-	
due 2008-2024	21,675,000	-	(75,000)	21,600,000	4.75%	8,943,150
3.75%-6.0% issued 10/1/07;					3.75%-	
due 2008-2032	-	10,000,000	(245,000)	9,755,000	6.0%	5,907,382
4.0%-6.0% issued 1/1/08;					4.00%-	
due 2008-2032	-	10,000,000	-	10,000,000	6.0%	6,280,615
Deferred amount of refunding	(534,291)	-	225,599	(308,692)	-	-
Unamortized bond discount	(55,654)	_	28,328	(28,326)	•	
Total general obligation bonds	36,644,055	20,000,000	(1,461,073)	55,182,982		26,837,280

(continued)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

13. General Long-Term Obligations (continued)

	Outstanding July 1,			Outstanding June 30,	Interest Rate On Unpaid	Total Future
Original Issue	2007_	Borrowings	Payments	2008	Debt	Interest
Revenue bonds:						
4.25 %-7.0% issued 9/1/98; due 2008-2023	20,125,000	-	(760,000)	19,365,000	4.3%- 4.875%	8,452,512
4.5 %-6.0% issued 4/1/99; due 2008-2023	16,215,000		(675,000)	15,540,000	4.5%- 6.0%	6,821,873
4.1%-7.0% issued 3/1/01; due 2008-2024	6,890,000	- ,	(215,000)	6,675,600	4.1%- 7.0%	3,375,670
4.9%-5.75% issued 9/I/00; due 2008-2024	1,150,000	-	(265,000)	885,000	5.75%	78, 056
5.25%-7.0% issued 3/01/02; due 2008-2024	2,785,000		(50,000)	2,735,000	5.25%- 7.0%	2,005,025
3.75%-4.15% issued 3/14/06; due 2008-2024 4.0%-6.0% issued 10/01/07;	8,260,000	•	(50,000)	8,210,000	3.75%- 4.15% 4.0%-	3,614,929
due 2008-2025	-	11,950,000	•	11,950,000	6.0%	4,682,307
Deferred amount of refunding	(338,381)	-	112,793	(225,588)	-	-
Unamortized bond discount	(1,004)	-	335	(669)	-	•
Total revenue bonds	55,085,615	11,950,000	(1,901,872)	65,133,743		29,030,372
Limited Tax Certificates: 3.5%-4.4% issued 3-1-02; due 2007-2012	\$3,915,000	s -	(\$710,000)	\$3,205,000	4.0%- 4.4%	\$353,391
3.0%-3.7% issued 3-28-03;	35,525,000	•	(4.10,000)	43,203,000	3.0%-	4555,557
due 2007-2012	5,490,000		(990,000)	4,500,000	3.7%	410,945
Total limited tax certificates of Indebtedness	9,405,000	-	(1,700,000)	7,705,000		764,336
Total all bonds and certificates of indebtedness	\$101,134,670	\$31,950,000	(\$5,062,945)	\$128,021,725		\$56,631,988

(concluded)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

13. General Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Principal and interest are due in total, to maturity, as follows:

Year Ended	Principal	Interest	
June 30	Payments	Payments	Total
2009	\$6,335,000	\$5,694,734	\$12,029,734
2010	6,665,000	5,306,508	11,971,508
2011	6,985,000	5,009,908	11,994,908
2012	7,315,000	4,714,618	12,029,618
2013	5,475,000	4,404,843	9,879,843
2014-2018	31,475,000	18,110,912	49,585,912
2019-2023	39,470,000	10,400,459	49,870,459
2024-2028	19,740,000	2,440,272	22,180,272
2029-2032	5,125,000	549,734	5,674,734
Total	\$128,585,000	<u>\$56,631,988</u>	\$185,216,988

The following is a summary of governmental activities long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2008:

	77% ¥			5 7. <i>t</i>	Amounts
T and a decree	Balance			Balance	Due
Long-term Obligations	June 30, 2007	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2008	Within One Year
•					
Claims liability	\$868,409	\$1,688,070	(\$1,251,448)	\$1,305,031	\$326,258
Compensated					
absences	5,433,048	1,031,581	(241,117)	6,223,512	250,000
Other post employment					
benefits - *	-	25,522,412	(5,216,924)	20,305,488	-
Bonded					
debt/limited					
tax certificates	101,134,670	31,950,000	(5,062,945)	128,021,725	5,967,947
Other	293,517	241,341	(269,540)	265,318	254,062
Total	<u>\$107,729,644</u>	<u>\$60,433,404</u>	<u>(\$12,041,974)</u>	<u>\$156,121,074</u>	<u>\$6,798,267</u>

Other long-term obligations at June 30, 2008, consist of bond premiums of \$23,977 and retainage payable of \$241,341.

^{* -} GASB 45 - Other post employment benefits was implemented in 2007-08.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

13. General Long-Term Obligations (continued)

The following is a summary of governmental activities bond discount transactions for the year ended June 30, 2008:

Bond discount outstanding, July 1, 2007	\$57,658
Additions	-
Deductions	(28,663)
Bond discount outstanding, June 30, 2008	<u>\$28,995</u>

Payments on the general obligation bonds payable that pertain to the School Board's governmental activities are made by the East Ouachita Bond Debt Service Fund. Payments on the revenue bonds payable and the tax liability certificates of indebtedness that pertain to the School Board's governmental activities are funded by transfers from the West Ouachita Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund to the West Ouachita Bond No. 2 Debt Service Fund. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated by the School Board's General Fund. The School Board does not have plans to place funds in an irrevocable trust to liquidate the other post employment benefits liability. The School board plans to continue on a pay-as-you go basis for OPEB benefits.

14. Interfund Assets/Liabilities (FFS level only)

Individual balances due from/to other funds at June 30, 2008 were as follows:

	Due To Other Funds	Due From Other Funds
Major Funds:		
General Fund		\$3,286,891
Nonmajor Funds:		
Special Revenue Funds:		
Title 1 Programs:		
Deficit cash balances	564,336	
Indirect cost	55,221	
Total Title I Programs	619,557	
•		(continued)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

14. Interfund Assets/Liabilities (FFS level only) (continued)

	Due To Other Funds	Due From Other Funds
Special Education IDEA B:		
Deficit cash balances	411,941	
Indirect cost	36,232	
Total Special Education IDEA-B	448,173	
Other Federal Programs:		
Deficit cash balance	512,442	
Indirect cost	40,920	
Total Other Federal Programs	553,362	
State Grants:		
Deficit cash balances	1,216,209	
Indirect cost	3,423	
Total State Grants	1,219,632	
School Food Services:		
Deficit cash balances	446,167	
Total	\$3,286,891	\$3,286,891 (concluded)

The balances due for cash deficits are due to not receiving reimbursement by year end from the grantor for reimbursement type grants. The General Fund pays for the expenditure for the grant fund until the reimbursement is received. Indirect cost balances represent the outstanding indirect cost payments due to the General Fund for outstanding grant requests for funds filed but not received from grantors by year end. All interfund transactions at year end will be completed during the 2008-09 fiscal year.

15. Litigation and Contingencies

The School Board is a defendant in several lawsuits. Management for the School Board believes that the potential claims against the School Board not covered by insurance have been adequately accrued at June 30, 2008.

As more fully described in Note 1.R., the School Board is exposed to various risks through its self insurance plan for damage to property from natural disasters, fire and errors and omissions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (concluded) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

16. Interfund Transfers (FFS level only)

Transfers to/from other Governmental Funds for the year ended June 30, 2008 were as follows

	Transfers In	Transfers Out	
Major Funds:			
General Fund	\$ -	\$1,282,878	
District #1 Sales Tax	250,000	₩	
Nonmajor Funds:			
Special Revenue Funds:			
West Ouachita Sales Tax	-	6,830,233	
Air Conditioning Redemption	1,000,000		
State Grants	32,878	-	
Debt Service Funds:			
West Ouachita Bond No. 2	6,830,233	-	
Total	\$8,113,111	\$8,113,111	

Transfers totaling \$6,830,233 were made from the West Ouachita Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund to the West Ouachita Bond No. 2 Debt Service Fund as principal and interest payments became due. Transfers were made from the General Fund to supplement State Grants totaling \$32,878 for Special Education and Gifted and Talented programs. The General Fund also transferred \$1,000,000 to the Air Conditioning Redemption Special Revenue Fund to fund the account for future major air conditioning repairs. Transfers of \$250,000 were made from the General Fund to the District #1 Sales Tax Fund to supplement repairs and small renovations.

17. Subsequent Events

On July 21, 2007 the citizens of East Ouachita Bond District voted to authorize the issuance of \$29,785,000 of general obligation bonds to construct two new schools and to make renovations to the schools in the East Ouachita Bond District. The School Board sold \$20 million of the \$29.785 million general obligation bonds during 2007-08. The School Board sold the remaining \$9,785,000 of general obligation bonds on December 2, 2008, at an interest rate of 4.67 percent. Prior to selling the bonds, the rating agency increased the East Ouachita Bond District's bond rating from an A- to an AA-.



Our Mission:

Through collaboration among all stakeholders, the Ouachita Parish School System will ensure that all students attain the knowledge and skills needed to be productive citizens.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION (PART B)

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Budgetary Comparison Schedule Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds With Legally Adopted Budgets

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for all activities of the School Board except for those that are accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. These funds, for the most part, are established for specific educational purposes and funded through the U.S. Department of Education or the Louisiana State Department of Education. The School Board is centrally located in Northeast Louisiana and acts as a regional fiscal agent for the State Department of Education for many educational programs.

District #1 Sales Tax Fund

The District #1 Sales Tax Fund collects, records and disburses funds related to the .5% sales tax renewed in October 2001 for 10 years to provide additional support for the school system. The School Board designated the tax for capital improvements and facility and equipment support—38%, classroom instruction—36%, mandated costs—14%, and salary restoration—12%.

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Non-GAAP Basis)

Fiscai Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budgeted	Amounte	Actual Amounts	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	(Budgetary Basis)	Variance With Final Budget
Budgetery fund balance at				
beginning of year	\$ 21,282,789	\$ 21,282,769	\$ 21,282,789	\$ -
Resources (inflows)				
Local sources:				
Ad valorem taxes:				
Constitutional tax	2,045,000	2,045,000	2,192,430	147,430
Renewable tax	9,531,500	9,531,500	10,221,432	689,932
Other than school taxes	418,256	418,256	453,566	35,310
Earnings on investments	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,516,515	16,515
Other local revenue	1,755,900	1,869,500	2,350,934	481,434
Total local sources	15,250,656	15,364,256	16,734,877	1,370,621
State and federal sources:				
State equalization	103,516,877	104,920,815	104,920,816	1
State revenue sharing	772,500	765,600	824,137	58.537
Professional Improvement Program	340,000	341,377	370,052	28,675
Restricted grants-in-aid	600,000	948,050	1,126,761	178,711
State contribution for teacher retirement	50,000	44,560	50,405	5,845
Total state and federal sources	105,279,377	107,020,402	107,292,171	271,769
Other financing sources:				
Proceeds from sale of assets	5,000	12,120	14,826	2,706
Transfers in	1,179,650	4,302,863	913,348	(3,389,515)
Total other financing sources	1,184,650	4,314,983	928,174	(3,386,809)
Amounts available for appropriations	142,997,472	147,982,430	146,238,011	(1,744,419)
				(Continued)

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Non-GAAP Basis)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Per et mada d	A man an a non-firm	Actual Amounts	
		Amounts Final	- ,	Variance With
	Original		(Budgetary	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	<u>Budget</u>	Budget	Basis)	Final Budget
Charges to appropriations (outflows)				
Current:				
Instructional services:				
Regular programs:				
Salaries:				
Kindergarten leachers	\$ 2,217,020	\$ 2,936,132	\$ 2,899,523	\$ 36,609
Elementary teachers	28,546,950	24,440,465	24,243,280	197,185
Secondary teachers	11,710,586	12,664,806	12,474,670	190,136
Aides	213,450	282,750	268,269	14,481
Substitute teachers	728,800	979,700	1,064,B54	(85,154)
Sabbatical leave	395,000	512,125	489,576	22,549
Instructional supplies	6 63,777	713,714	756,798	(43,084)
Textbooks	1,460,000	1,458,500	1,421,573	36,927
Employee benefits	19,433,060	18,774,690	15,713,549	3,061,141
Other expenditures	486,215	487,823	418,133	69,690
Total regular programs	65,854,858	63,250,705	59,750,225	3,500,480
Special education programs				
Salaries:				
Teachers	6,849,526	8,400,076	8,289,139	110,937
Aides	2,048,500	2,325,000	2,323,082	1,918
Sabbatical leave	26,400	142,000	150,938	(8,938)
Employee benefits	2,624,650	3,465,585	4,201,280	(735,695)
Other expenditures	365,000	374,500	132,217	242,283
Total special education programs	11,914,076	14,707,161	15,096,656	(389,495)
Vocational programs:				
Salaries	589,377	790,002	778,016	11,986
Materials and supplies	2,700	2,700	2,626	74
Employee benefits	188,560	237,650	294,853	(57,203)
Other expenditures	6,500	5,500	3,542	1,958
Total vocational programs	787,127	1,035,852	1,079,037	(43,185)
· -				

(Continued)

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Non-GAAP Sasis)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts			
	Original		Final		(Budgetary		Variance With	
		Budget	Budget		Basis)		Final Budget	
Charges to appropriations (outflows)								
(Continued)								
Current (continued):								
Instructional services (continued):								
Other instructional programs (e.g., ROTC,								
band, etc.):		000 700	_	304 600		000 040	a	44 000
Salaries	\$	686,500	\$	721,500	\$	680,240	\$	41,260
Equipment		104,000		125,900		119,661		6,239
Employee benefits		108,325		141,850		291,748 73,391		(149,898) 9.849
Other expenditures		87,400 986,225		83,240 1,072,490		1,165,040		(92,550)
Total other instructional programs		800,220		1,072,480		1,105,040		(92,550)
Adult/continuing education programs:								
Salaries		21,749		13,749		15,139		(1,390)
Materials and supplies		14,300		14,300		13,643		657
Employee benefits		4,350		5,440		12,581		(7,141)
Other expenditures		700		1,070		2,446	-	(1,376)
Total adult/continuing education programs		41,099		34,559		43,809		(9,250)
Total instructional services		79,583,385	*******	80,100,767		77,134,767		2,966,000
Support services:								
Pupil support services:								
Salaries		2,586,848		3,427,004		3,250,967		176,037
Materials and supplies		32,300		55,475		41,170		14,305
Employee benefits		762,700		988,390		1,181,690		(193,300)
Other expenditures		68,100		64,260		63,139		1,121
Total student support services		3,449,948		4,535,129		4,536,966		(1,837)
Instructional staff support services:								
Salaries		2,697,472		3,534,768		3,448,349		86,419
Materials and supplies		57,600		69,310		78,796		(9,486)
Employee benefits		641,555		1,039,793		1,296,290		(256,497)
Other expenditures		354,850		384,155		189,314		194,841
Total instructional staff support services		3,751,477		5,028,026		5,012,749		15,277
• •								

(Continued)

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Non-GAAP Basis)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Considerational Green manufactures				Actual		
		Budgeted Amounts				Amounts (Budgeten)	3/	inna Mah
·	Original Sudant		Final			(Budgetary Basis)		iance With
		Budget		Budget		00010)	6-981	al Budget
Charges to appropriations (outflows) (Continued)								
Current (continued):								
Support services (continued):								
General administration:								
Salaries	\$	267,100	\$	270,533	\$	270,232	\$	301
Legal services		235,000		242,000		247,325		(5,325)
Audit services		45,000		48,500		48,006		494
Insurance - liability, etc.		2,000		173,035		159,859		13,176
Tax assessment and collection services		359,200		393,700		417,054		(23,354)
Employee benefits		21,400		44,880		54,230		(9,350)
Other expenditures		255,200		629,300		857,511		(228,211)
Total general administration		1,184,900		1,801,948		2,054,217		(252,269)
School administration:								
Salaries:								
Principals		5,586,545		5,330,920		5,263,937		66,983
School secretaries and clerks		1,404,000		1,639,200		1,593,670		45,530
Employee benefits		1,388,812		1,798,945		2,120,168		(321,223)
Other expenditures		48,100		51,000		67,414		(16,414)
Total school administration		8,427,457		8,820,065		9,045,189		(225,124)
Business services:								
Salaries:								
Fiscal services		706,400		749,538		751,875		(2,337)
Purchasing services		100,800		103,695		102,206		1.489
Warehousing and distribution services		286,900		295,500		297,039		(1,539)
Printing and graphic art services		211,957		200,607		204,687		(4,080)
Materials and supplies		198,500		162,500		116,382		46,118
Employee benefits		363,900		392,620		470,984		(78,364)
Other expenditures		118,200		626,800		626,137		663
Total business services		1,986,657		2,531,260		2,569,310		(38,050)

(Continued)

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Non-GAAP Basis)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

·	Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts			
	Original Budget		Final Budget			(Budgetary	Variance With	
					Basis)		Fin	al Budget
Charges to appropriations (outflows) (Continued) Current (continued): Support services (continued):								
Plant services:								
Salaries	\$	6,818,260	\$	6,286,160	\$	6,127,584	\$	158,576
Materials and supplies		481,412		518,466		570,148		(51,682)
Equipment		402,608		370,014		313,967		56,047
Telephone		282,300		394,400		482,308		(87,908)
Utilities		4,047,290		4,138,462		4,185,440		(46,97B)
Energy menagement		3,500		5,900		7,079		(1,179)
Insurance - property		275,000		225,000		220,689		4,311
Employee benefits		1,752,945		1,578,755		1,828,844		(250,089)
Other expenditures		457,866		819,234		792,036		27,198
Total plant services		14,521,181		14,336,391		14,528,095		(191,704)
Student transportation services: Salaries:								
Transportation supervision		188,016		169,141		164,618		4,523
Bus drivers		2,496,300		2,818,900		2,810,797		8,103
Bus aides		303,100		367,075		364,159		2,916
Mechanics		275,000		283,000		282,588		412
Substitute bus driver		164,000		186,700		210,299		(23,599)
Fleet insurance		352,000		150,000		152,689		(2,689)
Materials and supplies		332,500		315,200		374,692		(59,492)
Gasoline and diesel		537,000		684,700		738,786		(54,086)
Employee benefits		1,326,940		1,616,375		2,099,149		(482,774)
Other expenditures		55,450		59,950		48,237		11,713
Total student transportation services		6,030,306		6,651,041		7,246,014		(594,973)
Central services:								
Salaries		832,800		1,102,487		1,066,605		35.882
Materials and supplies		271,280		288,235		271,813		16,422
Equipment		535,070		533,183		509,077		24,106
Equipment maintenance		50,000		50,000		25,367		24,633
Employee benefits		238,070		302,200		365,069		(62,869)
Other expenditures		1,060,184		1,010,666		849,332		161,334
Total central services		2,987,404		3,286,771		3,087,263		199,508
Total support services		42,339,330		46,990,631		48,079,803	***************************************	(1,089,172)
· pr					*********	1212121212		

(Continued)

General Fund Budgelary Comparison Schedule (Non-GAAP Basis)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	(Budgelary Basis)	Variance With Final Budget
Charges to appropriations (outflows) (Continued) Current (continued):				
Noninstructional services: Food service operations Community service operations Facility acquisition and construction Total noninstructional services	\$ 384,080 16,000 1,067,000 1,467,080	\$ 510,740 17,043 829,650 1,357,433	\$ 688,969 17,043 841,922 1,547,934	\$ (178,229) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Debt Service: Miscellaneous Total debt service	750 750	2,100 2,100	2,040 2,040	60
Other financing uses: Transfers out	1,218,028	2,647,690	2,196,226	451,464
Total charges to appropriations	124,608,573	131,098,621	128,960,770	2,137,851
Budgetary fund balance at end of year	\$ 18,388,899	\$ 16,883,809	\$ 17,277,241	\$ 393,432

(Concluded)

Special Revenue Fund District #1 Sales Tax Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budgeted	Amounts				
	Original	Final	A . A B	Variance With		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Final Budget		
Budgetary fund balance at						
beginning of year	\$ 14,638,199	\$ 14,638,199	\$ 14,638,199	<u> </u>		
Resources (inflows)						
Local sources:						
Sales and use taxes	5,800,000	5,997,000	6,111,744	114,744		
Earnings on investments	590,000	590,000	543,371	(46,629)		
Other	66,000			<u> </u>		
Total local sources	6,456,000	6,587,000	6,655,115	68,115		
Other financing sources:						
Transfer in	-	311,949	250,000	(61,949)		
Amounts available for appropriations	21,094,199	21,537,148	21,543,314	6,166		
Charges to appropriations (outflows)						
Current:						
Instructional services:						
Regular programs	1,795,339	2,495,312	2,443,646	51,666		
Special education programs	264,500	275,855	275,713	142		
Other instructional programs	5 0 2,940	440,344	250, 9 61	189,383		
Support services:						
Pupil support services	342,860	482,255	478,755	3,500		
Instructional staff support services	435,355	130,583	113,482	17,101		
General administration	590	590	583	. 7		
School administration	79,480	83,615	81,964	1,651		
Business services	19,030	18,930	18,738	192		
Plant services	1,181,335	1,723,815	1,713,595	10,220		
Student transportation services	1,196,850	1,200,910	1,196,560	4,350		
Central services	9,250	10,868	10,583	285		
Noninstructional services:	407 400	400 400	400 400	203		
Food service operations Facility acquisition and construction	127,400	133,100	132,493	607		
Pacinity acquisition and construction	5,000	ı *	•	•		
Other financing uses:						
Transfers out	3,000,000	3,000,000		3,000,000		
Total charges to appropriations	8,959,929	9,996,177	6,717,073	3,279,104		
Budgetary fund balance						
at end of year	\$ 12,134,270	\$ 11,540,971	\$ 14,826,241	\$ 3,285,270		

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The School Board utilizes the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

In September, the Business Manager submits to the School Board proposed annual appropriated budgets for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, and the Debt Service Funds for the fiscal year commencing the prior July 1. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to September 15, the School Board legally enacts the budget through adoption. The only legal requirement is that the School Board adopt a balanced budget; that is, total budgeted revenues and other financing sources (including fund balance) must equal or exceed total budgeted expenditures and other financing uses. The budget is revised periodically throughout the school year, when deemed appropriate, but a balanced budget is always approved.

The General Fund budget is not adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP because encumbrances are budgeted as expenditures of the current year. Unencumbered appropriations in the General Fund lapse at the end of the fiscal year, whereas, encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the following year. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the School Board.

The Special Revenue Funds' and Debt Service Funds' budgets have annual appropriated budgets adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Except for grant-oriented funds, unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbered appropriations are utilized when goods or services are received. Grant-oriented fund budgets are adopted at the time the grant applications are approved by the grantor. Separate annual budgets are adopted for unencumbered appropriations of grant-oriented Special Revenue Funds at the beginning of the following fiscal year.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Debt Service Funds. All budgets are operational at the departmental or project level. The Superintendent and Business Manager of the School Board are authorized to transfer budget amounts between line item activity and between any functions of an individual fund; however, any supplemental appropriations that amend the total expenditures of any fund require School Board resolution. The effects of budget revisions passed during the year were insignificant to the budgets as originally approved.

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule (continued) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Reconciliation of the Budgetary Basis and the GAAP Basis

The School Board approves formal budgets for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Debt Service Funds. With the exception of the General Fund, all budgets are prepared on the GAAP basis. For financial reporting purposes, expenditures are recognized as incurred and encumbrances are not reported as resources used. Encumbrances are reported on the Fund Financial Statements' Governmental Fund Balance Sheet as a reservation of fund balance for the ensuing year's expenditures. However, for budgetary reporting purposes in the General Fund, resource uses are recognized when expenditures and encumbrances are incurred. Thus, the General Fund budget is not prepared on the GAAP basis. The following summary reconciles General Fund operations for the year from the budgetary basis to the GAAP basis of reporting.

Revenues on budgetary basis and GAAP basis	\$124,027,048
Expenditures Total charges to appropriations on budgetary basis Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2008	(126,764,544) 19,965
Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from sale of assets Transfer out	14,826 (1,282,878)
Net change (decrease) in fund balance on GAAP basis	(3,985,583)
Fund balance—June 30, 2007 on GAAP basis Fund balance—June 30, 2008 on GAAP basis	21,282,789 \$17,297,206

(concluded)

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Luffey, Huffman, Ragsdale & Soignier

John L. Luffey, MBA, CPA (1963-2002) Francis I. Huffman, CPA Philip A. Ragsdale, CPA David Ray Soignier, CPA, MBA

(A Professional Accounting Corporation)
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

John Herman, CPA Lynn Andries, CPA Esther Atteberry, CPA Sandra Harrington, CPA

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Ouachita Parish School Board Monroe, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ouachita Parish School Board (the School Board) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 31, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide, issued by the Louisiana Society of Certified Public Accountants and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School Board's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the School Board's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting

principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the School Board's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the School Board's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questions Costs listed as 08-01 and 08-02 to be significant deficiencies in the internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the School Board's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we consider item 08-02 of the significant deficiencies described above to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 08-01.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the School Board in a separate letter dated December 31, 2008.

The School Board's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the School Board's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management of the School Board, Federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and other entities granting funds to the School Board and the Legislative Auditor for the State of Louisiana and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Affry Huffman Roydole & Signice (A Professional Accounting Corporation)

December 31, 2008

Luffey, Huffman, Ragsdale & Soignier

(A Professional Accounting Corporation)

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

John L. Luffey, MBA, CPA (1963-2002) Francis I. Huffman, CPA Philip A. Ragsdale, CPA David Ray Soignier, CPA, MBA

John Herman, CPA Lynn Andries, CPA Esther Atteberry, CPA Sandra Harrington, CPA

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Ouachita Parish School Board Monroe, Louisiana

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Ouachita Parish School Board (the School Board) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The School Board's major Federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major Federal programs is the responsibility of the School Board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School Board's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the School Board's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the School Board complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the School Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to Federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School Board's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness on the School Board's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of noncompliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the School Board's ability to administer a Federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the School Board's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented or detected by the School Board's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management of the School Board, Federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and other entities granting funds to the School Board and the Legislative Auditor for the State of Louisiana and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Luffey Huffran Royalske, & Singuise

(A Professional Accounting Corporation)

December 31, 2008

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD MONROE, LOUISIANA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	C.F.D.A. NUMBER	GRANT NUMBER	PROGRAM DISBURSEMENTS		
	PROGRAM IIILE	MONTOFIX	HOMBER	DIBBOROLINA		
CASH FEDERAL AWARDS						
	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
	Passed through Louisiana					
	Department of Education:		•			
300/301	School Breakfast Program	10.553	Not Available \$	1,248,968		
300/301	National School Lunch Program	10.555	Not Available	3,508,290		
300/301	Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	Not Available	146,845		
	TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			4,904,103		
	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE					
120	Direct Programs:	Not Available	LA050061	60,927		
130	Air Force Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps Army Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps	Not Available	LA030001 LA331676	47,770		
130	Naval Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps	Not Available		16,916		
130 130		Not Available		47,194		
	Naval Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps Naval Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps	Not Available	N9637707MJ	23,877		
130	Naval Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps Naval Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps	Not Available	N9637707MJ	67,619		
	Navai Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps	NOT WARREN	MAO2 / / GOM	07,019		
	TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE			264,303		
	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE					
	Passed through Ouachita Parish					
	Sheriff's Office:					
584	Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants:	16.710	-			
	Methamphetamine Initiative (2007-08)		2007CKWX0284	5,050		
	TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			5,050		
	U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
	Direct Programs:					
645	Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities-National Programs:	84.184B				
	Mentoring Program Grants (2007-08)		Q184B070789	154,002		
	Advanced Placement Program:	84.330				
643	Advanced Placement Program (2007-08)	64.330	S330C060138	518,259		
				•		
	Passed through Louisiana					
	Department of Education:					
	Adult Education-State Grant Program:	84.002A				
520	Adult Education-Federal Funds (2007-08)		280844-37	159,891		
540	Adult Education-Federal Funds (2006-07)		280744-37	2,627		
525	Adult Education—Federal Funds (2005-06)		280644-37	3,732		
522	Adult Education-Federal Supplemental-Richland (2007-08)		280821-37	5,895		
521	Adult Education-Federal Supplemental-Richland DOC (2007-08)		280844-37	12,008		
541	Adult Education-Federal Supplemental-Richland DOC (2006-07)		280723-37	68 0		
557	Federal English Language/Civics Program (2006-07)		280707-37	4,557		
524	Federal English Language/Civics Program (2007-08)		280807-37	21,086		
556 536	One Stop Centers (2006-07)		280713-37	807		
526	One Stop Centers (2007-08)		280813-37	2,292		
Ç.,	Notes to Cabadula of Lynauditures of Endered Assends			213,575		

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD MONROE, LOUISIANA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	FEDERAL GRANTOR/			
	PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	C.F.D.A.	GRANT	PROGRAM
	PROGRAM TITLE	NUMBER	NUMBER	DISBURSEMENTS
	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies:	84.010A		
601	Title I Part A Basic (2007-08)		S010A070018	4,303,389
631	Title I Part A Basic-School Improvement (2006-07)		2807TA-37	102,847
661	Title I Part A Basic-School Improvement (2005-06)		2806TA-37	34,412
641	Title I Part A Basic-School Improvement (2004-05)		2805TI-37	16,940
V		·		4,457,588
	Migrant Education-State Grant Program:	84.011A		
677	Migrant Education Reallocation (2004-05)		2805M1-37	5,927
657	Migrant Education Carryover (2006-07)		2807M1-37C	6,345
676	Migrant Education (2006-07)		2807M1-37	36,857
656	Migrant Education (2007-08)		2808M1-37	203,443
				252,572
	Special Education-Grants to States:	84.027A		
534	IDEA Support for Pre-GED/Skills Options (2005-06)		2806SO-37	10,549
530	IDEA Part B (2007-08)		H027A070033	3,542,448
				3,552,997
	Vocational Education-Basic Grants to States:	84.048		
511	Carl Perkins Grant-Reallocation (2006-07)		280702-37C	20,053
510	Carl Perkins Grant (2007-08)		280802-37	195,936
				215,989
	Special Education-Preschool Grants:	84.173A		
532	Preschool (2007-08)		H173A070082	87,579
40.4	Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities-State Grants:	84.186A		
604	Title IV (2007-08)		Q186A070019	89,881
	Education for Homeless Children and Youth:	84.196A	00000111 000	
C71.6	Homeless Reallocation (2006-07)		2807H1-37C	256
674	Homeless (2006-07)		2807H1-37	1,474
654	Homeless (2007-08)		2808H1-37	78,841 80,571
				00,371
	Even Start-State Educational Agencies:	84.213C		
670	Even Start (2006-07)		2807F1-37	58,446
650	Even Start (2007-08)		2808F1-37	822,361
				880,807
605	State Grants for Innovative Programs:	84.298A	6266 1 86 5 - 5	
605	Title V (2007-08)		S298A70018	24,481
610	Education Technology State Grants:	84.318X	000740 555	0.550
619	Enhancing Education Through Technology (2006-07)		280749-37C	9,066
629	Enhancing Education Through Technology (2006-07)		280749-37	14,603
609	Enhancing Education Through Technology (2007-08)		280849-37	25,821
				49,490

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	C.F.D.A. NUMBER	GRANT NUMBER	PROGRAM DISBURSEMENTS
603	English Language Acquisition Grants: Title III (2007-08)	84.365A	T365A070018	19,150
612 632	Mathematics and Science Partnerships: Math and Science Partnerships (2007-08) Math and Science Partnerships (2005-06)	84.366B	2808MP-37 2806MC-37	10,347 50,000
821	Passed through Morehouse Parish School Board: Math and Science Partnerships (2007-08)		2807MP-34	5,591 65,938
602	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants: Title II Part A (2007-08)	84.367A	S367A070017	1,050,472
	Hurricane Education Recovery:	84.938B		
592	Elementary and Seconday Education Hurrican Relief - Education for Homeless Children and Youth		2806IH-37	4,152
653	Passed through Morehouse Parish School Board: Even Start Migrant Education: Migrant Education Even Start	84.214A	S214A060032	57,646
	TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			11,775,149
523 570	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed through Louisiana Department of Education: Temporary Assistance for Needy Families: Strategies to Empower People (2007-08) LA-4/Starting Points Pre-Kindergarten Programs (2006-07)	93.558	2808EP-37 280735-37	104,765 13,836 118,601
	TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN S	ERVICES		118,601
	TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF CASH FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 17,067,206
	NONCASH FEDERA	L AWARDS		
300	UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Louisiana Department of Agriculture: Food Donation (Commodities)	10 550	SCH075	\$ 349,472
	TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF NONCASH FEDERAL AWARI		~~	349,472
	TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$17,416,678

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2008

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes all Federal grant activity of the Ouachita Parish School Board (the School Board) for the year ended June 30, 2008 and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues when they become both measurable and available to pay current period liabilities and expenditures when the related liability is incurred.

Note 2 - Relationship of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to the Financial Statements

The following reconciliation is provided to help the reader of the School Boards' financial statements and supplementary information relate such information to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the year ended June 30, 2008:

		Programs		Support		Total
Revenues:						
General Fund	\$	• -	\$	264,303	\$	264,303
School Food Services		4,904,103		349,472		5,253,575
Title I		5,601,081		-		5,601,081
IDEA B		3,640,576		-		3,640,576
Other Federal		2,595,775		-		2,595,775
Total Governmental Funds Revenues	_	16,741,535	_	613,775	_	17,355,310
Less NonExpenditure revenues		13,836				13,836
Total Governmental Funds Expenditures	_	16,789,067	-	613,775	_	17,369,146
Agency Fund Expenditures		47,532		_		47,532
Total Federal Expenditures	\$_	16,802,903	`\$ <u> </u>	613,775	\$	17,416,678

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Section 1 - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

Type of Auditor's Report Issued: Unqualified

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:

Material Weakness(es) identified? X Yes No

Significant Deficiency(s) identified not considered to be material weaknesses? X Yes None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? X Yes No

Federal Awards:

Internal Control Over Major Programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No

Significant Deficiency(s) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)? Yes X None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section 510(a)? Yes X No

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs \$522,500

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X Yes No

Identification of Major Programs:

CFDA # PROGRAM TITLE

10.553, 10.555, 10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster

84.367A Title II-Improving Teacher Quality State Grants

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Section II - Financial Statement Findings and Questioned Costs:

08-01: Local Budget Act

Finding:

The Local Government Budget Act provides, among other things, for the amendment of the budget when actual expenditures exceed budgeted amounts by 5% or more and that a budget should not be adopted wherein budgeted expenditures exceed estimated amounts available to fund them.

In fiscal year 2008, the School Board has two special revenue funds that exceeded its budget by 5% of estimated expenditures which were not amended. The West Ouachita Sales Tax Fund had budgeted expenditures of \$948,225 and actual expenditures of \$1,024,955 resulting in a \$76,730 (8.09%) unfavorable variance. This fund ended the year with a \$3,918,347 fund balance available for future activities.

The School Food Service Fund had budgeted expenditures of \$8,553,843 and actual expenditures of \$9,234,830 resulting in a \$680,987 (7.96%) unfavorable variance. Additionally, the \$755,071 decrease in fund balance for the year added to its beginning fund deficit at July 1, 2007 of \$27,870 resulting in a \$782,941 fund deficit at June 30, 2008.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the School Board and the business manager (and the director of School Food Services with respect to the School Food Services Fund) continue to work together to monitor the financial position and resources of all funds to provide for sound financial planning to eliminate significant operating variances and fund deficits.

Response:

With respect to the School Food Service Fund budget, we recognize that the School Board had the choice between amending the budget to reflect significant increases in food costs but would end up violating another provision of the Local Budget Act by budgeting a deficit; therefore, we opted not to amend the budget.

We are in the process of evaluating School Food Service operations to find more efficient ways to manage the program. We also, increased the meal cost in 2008-09 to help offset the rising food costs.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

08-02: Reconciliation of Payroll Accounts

Finding:

During the course of the audit, we noted two corrections that had to be made involving the Payroll Fund. The first involved a \$413,984 check issued for retiree health benefits in June 2008. This check was applied to a liability account instead of an expense account which resulted in a \$413,984 understatement of liabilities and expenses and an overstatement of fund balance.

The second error involved the posting of one of the three payrolls that are processed in June, expensed in June, but are issued in July and August. This procedure results in the School Board having expense accounts being properly charged for a full year's salaries in the year the expense was incurred. It also results in the School Board being able to remit the amounts due to the retirement systems in the proper accounting period resulting in the teachers correctly receiving a full year's credit. When the computer system runs the payroll, it automatically charges cash as if it has been disbursed. However, since the checks are not being released until a future month, cash has not been disbursed which results in the need for the reversal of the cash posting and a charge to the salaries payable account. Cash was correctly reversed for the 11th month payroll (released in July) and the 12th month payroll (released in August) with a corresponding liability being set up. The Summer 1 payroll's reversal was for the gross amount of the payroll, instead of the net amount which resulted in a \$537,420 understatement of cash and liabilities and no effect on fund balance.

It was also noted during this analysis that payroll liability accounts were not being reconciled which could lead to unknown errors and while many of these balances in these accounts involve relatively small, immaterial amounts the failure to have these accounts reconciled could lead to significant issues such as an employee not having coverage for a deducted premium or receiving credit in a retirement system. While most of such problems can adequately be corrected at a later date, some cannot and could leave the School Board exposed to a liability that it would not otherwise have been liable. Additionally, internal controls over the payroll process are compromised by not having a reconciliation process which provides for an edit of the payroll deductions as compared to the related disbursements.

Recommendation:

Given the large dollar volume involved in the payroll liability accounts which involves a large number of employees, we recommend that these accounts be reconciled on a periodic basis to ensure that it properly reflects the financial status of a point in time. These

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

reconciliations should take into account that differences between the expected balances and the actual balances in these accounts are investigated to determine whether these unexpected balances are due back to an employee or due to a vendor such as an insurance company, investment company or the State for retirement or health benefits.

Response:

We will implement the recommended controls to address these issues.

Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs:

None reported.

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD MONROE, LOUISIANA SUMMARY STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

The following is a summary of the status of the prior year findings included in Luffey Huffman, & Monroe (APAC) audit report dated December 10, 2007 in connection with the audit of the financial statements of the Ouachita Parish School Board (the School Board) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007.

07-01 Cash and Salaries Payable

Finding:

The School Board reported an additional \$6,802,062 in cash and salaries payable with respect to its 11th and 12th month payrolls which were run in June 2007 for distribution in July and August of 2007.

The Summer 1 which in prior years had been processed and issued in June had been processed in June 2007 and issued in July 2007. The entries recording this payroll were handled as if the payroll had been released resulting in cash and salaries payable being understated by \$969,688.

Status:

The 11th and 12th month payroll cash and salaries payable have been reported correctly in 2007-08. The Summer 1 payroll has been reported correctly as salaries payable in the 2007-08 financial statements.

07-02 Internal Controls in the Payroll Function

Finding:

The School Board did not have a compensating control whereby one of the employees in data processing had access to electronic payroll records. While this employee needed such access, there was not an independent edit check which could result in an error or irregularity occurring but not being detected.

Another situation existed whereby the Payroll Department had the ability to set up employees, receive unclaimed checks and unclaimed W-2's. The Personnel Department also sets up employees, but the information is maintained on a separate data base.

Status:

The data processing employee still has access to electronic payroll records. However, we are now reconciling the electronic payroll records to the accounting records by an employee that is independent of the data processing function.

The Payroll Department and Personnel Department are still able to set up employees. Because the Payroll system and Personnel system use 2 different software systems, we were not able to

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD MONROE, LOUISIANA SUMMARY STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

discontinue Payroll employees from setting up employees and the system run efficiently. We are in the process of setting up compensating controls with comparison reports in which Personnel's active employee data base is compared to person's paid per the Payroll Department. Exceptions will be reconciled by the Personnel Department.

Management Letter:

Documentation of Internal Control

Finding:

The School Board did not have adequate documentation of internal control over financial reporting using the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations (COSO) framework so that the School Board could more easily discharge its responsibility to design and implement controls and monitor those controls for effectiveness over time.

Status:

We have not written formal internal control policies. We have implemented procedures to improve our internal control system, but we have not formalized them.

Theft of School Activity Funds

Finding:

The Internal Auditor should continue to closely monitor the school activity accounts which by their nature have more of a risk for errors and irregularities given that many of the transactions involve cash.

Status:

Our internal auditors are continuing to monitor control procedures over our school activity funds.

Ouachita Parish School Board Monroe, Louisiana

Miscellaneous Statistical Data School Board Members' Compensation

June 30, 2008

The schedule of compensation paid to School Board members was prepared in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 session of the Louisiana Legislature.

The compensation of the School Board members is included in the general administration expenditures of the General Fund. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 17:56, the School Board members have elected the monthly payment method of compensation. Under this method, the members of the School Board received \$800 per month. Additionally, the president received \$100 per month for exercising the duties of his office.

Board Member	District	Amount
Mr. Jack White, President	A	\$ 10,800
Mr. Scott Robinson	В	9,600
Mr. A. R. "Red" Sims	\mathbf{C}	9,600
Mr. Jerry R. Hicks, Vice President	D	9,600
Rev. John R Russell	E	9,600
Mr. Carey Walker	F	9,600
Mr. Lou St Amant (interim)	G	3,600
Ms Susan Spence	G	6,000
Total		\$ 68,400

Luffey, Huffman, Ragsdale & Soignier

(A Professional Accounting Corporation)

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

John Herman, CPA Lynn Andries, CPA Esther Atteberry, CPA Sandra Harrington, CPA

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Ouachita Parish School Board Monroe, Louisiana

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Ouachita Parish School Board (the School Board) for the year ended June 30, 2008, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for purposes of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure or overall compliance with laws and regulations.

However, during our audit we became aware of certain matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and the overall environment for compliance with laws and regulations. This letter will summarize our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. This letter does not affect our report dated December 31, 2008 on the financial statements of the School Board.

Documentation of Internal Control

Finding.

Management of the School Board is charged with establishing and maintaining internal control and to assess internal control for effectiveness in design and operation. Those components are outlined in the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission Report (commonly referred to as the COSO Report, or COSO) and consist of the Control Environment; Risk Assessment; Control Activities; Information and Communication; and Monitoring. While certain elements of the components of internal control exist and certain aspects of the control activities have been documented, the School Board does not possess adequate written documentation of all components of internal control over School Board operations.

For management and those charged with governance to properly discharge their responsibility to establish and maintain internal control, there must exist a level of documentation of internal control sufficient to allow them to assess operating effectiveness and design, not just at a point in time, but over a period of time. As circumstances change, controls should be re-evaluated for ongoing effectiveness.

Ouachita Parish School Board Monroe, Louisiana Management Letter Page 2 of 2

Recommendation:

We recommend that management of the School Board document the internal control over financial reporting using the COSO framework in order that they may more easily discharge their responsibility to design and implement controls and monitor those controls for effectiveness over time. As part of this review and documentation, the School Board should utilize the Checklist of Best Practices in Government prepared by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's office.

Management's Corrective Action Plan:

We are in the process of documenting our internal controls over the entire accounting process, to include controls over financial reporting. When the controls have been documented, we will review the controls we currently have and make needed changes for control weaknesses. When evaluating the controls, we will take into consideration the COSO framework and the Checklist of Best Practices in Government prepared by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's office.

Kaffey Haffer Royalete & Sognation (A Professional Accounting Corporation)

December 31, 2008

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

JUNE 30, 2008

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Luffey, Huffman, Ragsdale & Soignier

(A Professional Accounting Corporation)

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

John Herman, CPA Lynn Andries, CPA Esther Atteberry, CPA Sandra Harrington, CPA

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED UPON PROCEDURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD MONROE, LOUISIANA

We have performed the procedures included in the Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide and enumerated below, which were agreed to by the management of Ouachita Parish School Board (the School Board) and the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana (collectively, the Specified Users), solely to assist users in evaluating management's assertions about the performance and statistical data accompanying the annual financial statements of Ouachita Parish School Board and to determine whether the specified schedules are free of obvious errors and omissions as provided by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE). This agreed-upon procedures engagement was performed in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of Government Auditing Standards. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the Specified Users of the report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

Our procedures and findings relate to the accompanying schedules required by state law and are as follows:

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources (Schedule 1)

- 1. We selected a random sample of 25 transactions and reviewed supporting documentation to determine if the sampled expenditures/revenues are classified correctly and are reported in the proper amounts for each of the following amounts reported on the schedule:
- Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures,
- Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures,
- Total Local Taxation Revenue,
- Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property,
- Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes.
- Nonpublic Textbook Revenue, and
- Nonpublic Transportation Revenue.

Ouachita Parish School Board Monroe, Louisiana

Education Levels of Public School Staff (Schedule 2)

- 2. We reconciled the total number of full-time classroom teachers per the schedule "Experience of Public Principals and Full-time Classroom Teachers" (Schedule 4) to the combined total number of full-time classroom teachers per this schedule and to School Board supporting payroll records as of October 1st.
- 3. We reconciled the combined total of principals and assistant principals per the schedule "Experience of Public Principals and Full-time Classroom Teachers" (Schedule 4) to the combined total of principals and assistant principals per this schedule.
- 4. We obtained a list of full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification as of October 1st and as reported on the schedule. We traced a random sample of 35 teachers to the individual's personnel file and determined if the individual's education level was properly classified on the schedule.

Number and Type of Public Schools (Schedule 3)

5. We obtained a list of schools by type as reported on the schedule. We compared the list to the schools and grade levels as reported on the Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies (CFDA 84.010) application and/or the National School Lunch Program (CFDA 10.555) application.

Experience of Public Principals and Full-time Classroom Teachers (Schedule 4)

6. We obtained a list of full-time teachers, principals, and assistant principals by classification as of October 1st and as reported on the schedule and traced the same sample used in procedure 4 to the individual's personnel file and determined if the individual's experience was properly classified on the schedule.

Public School Staff Data (Schedule 5)

- 7. We obtained a list of all classroom teachers including their base salary, extra compensation, and ROTC or rehired retiree status as well as full-time equivalent as reported on the schedule and traced a random sample of 35 teachers to the individual's personnel file and determined if the individual's salary, extra compensation, and full-time equivalents were properly included on the schedule.
- 8. We recalculated the average salaries and full-time equivalents reported in the schedule.

Ouachita Parish School Board Monroe, Louisiana

Class Size Characteristics (Schedule 6)

9. We obtained a list of classes by school, school type, and class size as reported on the schedule and reconciled school type classifications to Schedule 3 data, as obtained in procedure 5. We then traced a random sample of 10 classes to the October 1st roll books for those classes and determined if the class was properly classified on the schedule.

Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) for the 21st Century (Schedule 7)

10. We obtained test scores as provided by the testing authority and reconciled scores as reported by the testing authority to scores reported in the schedule by the School Board.

The Graduation Exit Exam for the 21st Century (Schedule 8)

11. We obtained test scores as provided by the testing authority and reconciled scores as reported by the testing authority to scores reported in the schedule by the School Board.

The iLEAP Tests (Schedule 9)

12. We obtained test scores as provided by the testing authority and reconciled scores as reported by the testing authority to scores reported in the schedule by the School Board.

Our twelve procedures enumerated above did not disclose any exceptions.

We were not engaged to, and did not, perform an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on management's assertions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the use of management of the Specified Users, the Louisiana Department of Education and the Louisiana Legislature and should not be used by those who have not agreed to the procedures and taken responsibility for the sufficiency of the procedures for their purposes. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Luffry Huffman Rozalake & Singuia

(A Professional Accounting Corporation)

December 31, 2008

Schedules Required by State Law Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Schedule 1 - General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources

This schedule includes general fund instructional and equipment expenditures. It also contains local taxation revenue, earnings on investments in real property, revenue in lieu of taxes, and nonpublic textbook and transportation revenue. This data is used either in the Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) formula or is presented annually in the MFP 70% Expenditure Requirement Report.

Schedule 2 - Education Levels of Public School Staff

This schedule includes the certificated and uncertificated number and percentage of full-time classroom teachers and the number and percentage of principals and assistant principals with less than a Bachelor's; Bachelor's; Master's; Master's +30; Specialist in Education; and Ph. D or Ed. D. degrees. This data is currently reported to the Legislature in the Annual Financial and Statistical Report (AFSR).

Schedule 3 - Number and Type of Public Schools

This schedule includes the number of elementary, middle/junior high, secondary and combination schools in operation during the fiscal year. This data is currently reported to the Legislature in the AFSR.

Schedule 4 - Experience of Public Principals and Full-time Classroom Teachers

This schedule includes the number of years of experience in teaching for assistant principals, principals, and full-time classroom teachers. This data is currently reported to the Legislature in the AFSR.

Schedule 5 - Public School Staff Data

This schedule includes average classroom teacher's salary using full-time equivalents, including and excluding ROTC and rehired retiree teachers. This data is currently reported to the Legislature in the AFSR.

Schedule 6 - Class Size Characteristics

This schedule includes the percent and number of classes with student enrollment in the following ranges: 1-20, 21-26, 27-33, and 34+ students. This data is currently reported to the Legislature in the Annual School Report (ASR).

Schedules Required by State Law Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Schedule 7 - Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) for the 21st Century

This schedule represents student performance testing data and includes summary scores by district for grades 4 and 8 in each category tested. Scores are reported as Advanced, Proficient, Basic, Approaching Basic, and Unsatisfactory. This schedule includes three years of data.

Schedule 8 - The Graduation Exit Exam for the 21st Century

This schedule represents student performance testing data and includes summary scores by district for grades 10 and 11 in each category tested. Scores are reported as Advanced, Proficient, Basic, Approaching Basic, and Unsatisfactory. This schedule includes three years of data.

Schedule 9 - The iLEAP Tests

This schedule represents student performance testing data and includes a summary score for grades 3, 5, 6, 7 and 9 for this district. The summary score reported is the National Percentile Rank showing relative position or rank as compared to a large, representative sample of students in the same grade from the entire nation. This schedule includes three years of data.

General Fund Instructional and Support Expenditures and Certain Local Revenue Sources Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

General Fund Instructional and Equipment Expenditures General Fund Instructional Expenditures:				
Teacher and Student Interaction Activities:				
Classroom Teacher Saiaries	\$	39,497,817		
Other Instructional Staff Activities	•	1,820,285		
Employee Benefits		15,494,453		
Purchased Professional and Technical Services		75,764		
Instructional Materials and Supplies		754,408		
Instructional Equipment		251,600		
Total Teacher and Student Interaction Activities		231,000		57,894,327
Other Instructional Activities				45,000
Pupil Support Activities		4,456,283		10,000
Less: Equipment for Pupil Support Activities		-,-50,205		
Net Pupil Support Activities				4,456,283
Instructional Staff Services		4,650,481		7,750,265
Less: Equipment for Instructional Staff Services		(8,154)		
Net Instructional Staff Services		(6,154)		4,642,327
School Administration:		9,002,579		4,042,327
Less: Equipment for Instructional Staff Services		5,002,375		
Net School Administration		-		9,002,579
Net School Administration				9,002,379
Total General Fund Instructional Expenditures			\$	76,040,516
Total General Fund Equipment Expenditures			\$	1,266,211
Certain Local Revenue Sources				
Local Taxation Revenue:				
Constitutional Ad Valorem Taxes				2,192,430
Renewable Ad Valorem Tax				10,221,431
Debt Service Ad Valorem Tax				4,439,488
Up to 1% of Collections by the Sheriff				
on Taxes Other than School Taxes				453,566
Sales and Use Taxes				37,052,593
Total Local Taxation Revenue			\$_	54,359,508
Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property:				
Earnings from 16th Section Property				33,403
Earnings from Other Real Property				
Total Local Earnings on Investment in Real Property			\$	33,403
State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes:				
Revenue Sharing - Constitutional Tax				189,230
Revenue Sharing - Other Taxes				634,907
Revenue Sharing - Excess Portion				
Other Revenue in Lieu of Taxes				_
Total State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes			\$	824,137
Nonpublic Textbook Revenue			\$	38,105
Nonpublic Transportation Revenue			\$	-

Education Levels of Public School Staff As of October 1, 2007

	4	Ill-time Class	Full-time Classroom Teachers	srs	Pri	ncipals & As	Principals & Assistant Principals	pals
	Certifi	cated	Uncert	Uncertificated	Certif	Certificated	Uncert	Uncertificated
Category	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Less than a Bachelor's Degree	ťΩ	0.2%	7	14.3%	•	%0.0	1	
Bachelor's Degree	982	59.4%	6	64.3%	•	0.0%	•	•
Master's Degree	357	27.0%	т	21.4%	26	34.2%	1	f
Master's Degree + 30	159	12.0%	•	%0.0	46	60.5%	i	ı
Specialist in Education	00	%9.0	ļ	%0.0	2	2.6%	1	1
Ph. D. or Ed. D.	11	%8.0	•	%0.0	7	2.6%	ı	•
Total	1,324	100.0%	14	100.0%	92	100.0%	1	•

Schedule 3

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Monroe, Louisiana

Number and Type of Public Schools Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Туре	Number
Pre K-K	1
Elementary	20
Middle/Jr. High	. 7
Secondary	4
Combination	2
Alternative (6-12 only)	1
Total	35_

Schedule 4

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Monroe, Louisiana

Experience of Public Principals and Full-time Classroom Teachers As of October 1, 2007

	0-1 Yr.	2-3 Yrs.	4-10 Yrs.	11-14 Yrs.	15-19 Yrs.	20-24 Yrs.	25+ Yrs.	Total
Assistant Principals		-	3	4.	10	7	17	41
Principals	-		-	5	5	6	19	35
Classroom Teachers	130	127	313	168	190	144	266	1,338
Total	130	127	316	177	205	157	302	1,414

Public School Staff Data Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

	All Classroom Teachers	Classroom Teachers Excluding ROTC and Rehired Retirees
Average Classroom Teachers' Salary Including Extra Compensation	\$47, 612	\$47,154
Average Classroom Teachers' Salary Excluding Extra Compensation	\$46,059	\$ 45 , 624
Number of Teacher Full-time Equivalents (FTEs) used in Computation of Average Salaries	1,336	1,277

Note: Figures reported include all sources of funding (i.e., federal, state, and local) but exclude employee benefits. Generally, retired teachers rehired to teach receive less compensation than non-retired teachers and ROTC teachers receive more compensation because of a federal supplement. Therefore, these teachers are excluded from the computation in the last column. This schedule excludes day-to-day substitutes and temporary employees.

Class Size Characteristics 2007-2008

Class Size Range

	1 -	20	21 -	- 26	27 -	- 33	34	[+	To	otal
School Type	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Elementary	61.0%	2,844	38.4%	1,789	0.6%	27	0.0%	-	100.0%	4,660
Elementary Activity Classes	35.5%	27	63.2%	48	1.3%	1	0.0%	-	100.0%	76
Middle/Jr. High	66.5%	866	29.3%	382	4.2%	55	0.0%	-	100.0%	1,303
Middle/Jr. High Activity Classes	86.1%	315	10.7%	39	2.2%	8	1.1%	4	100.0%	366
High	66.4%	1,223	29.3%	539	4.2%	77	0.1%	2	100.0%	1,841
High Activity Classes	88.5%	348	5.3%	21	2.5%	10	3,6%	14	100.0%	393
Combination	94.5%	189	5.5%	11	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	100.0%	200
Combination Activity Classes	100.0%	10	0.0%	_	0.0%	~	0.0%	-	100.0%	10
Total		5,822		2,829		178		20		8,849

Note: The Board of Elementary and Secondary Education has set specific limits on the maximum size of classes at various grade levels. The maximum enrollment in grades K-3 is 26 students and maximum enrollment in grades 4-12 is 33 students. These limits do not apply to activity classes such as physical education, chorus, band, and other classes without maximum enrollment standards. Therefore, these classes are included only as separate line items.

Class Size Range

	1 -	20	21	- 26	27	- 33	34	<u> </u>	To	otal
School Type	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Elementary	61.0%	2,844	38.4%	1,789	0.6%	27	0.0%		100.0%	4,660
Middle/Jr. High	66.5%	866	29.3%	382	4.2%	55	0.0%	-	100.0%	1,303
Hìgh	66.4%	1,223	29.3%	539	4.2%	77	0.1%	2	100.0%	1,841
Combination	94.5%	189	5.5%	11	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	100.0%	200
Total		5,122		2,721		159		2		8,004
Elementary Activity Classes	35.5%	27	63.2%	48	1,3%	1	0.0%	_	100.0%	76
Middle/Jr. High Activity Classes	86.1%	315	10.7%	39	2.2%	8	1,1%	4	100.0%	366
High Activity Classes	88.5%	348	5.3%	21	2.5%	10	3.6%	14	100.0%	393
Combination Activity Classes	100.0%	10	0.0%	_	0.0%	-	0.0%	_	100.0%	10
Total		700		108		19		18		845

Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) for the 21st Century Three Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2008

District Achievement		冒	English Langu	iguage Arts	rts				Mathe	hematics		
Level Results	2	2008	•	2007	200	2006	2008	38	2007	07	20	2006
Students	Number	Tumber Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 4												
Advanced	87	9	96	7	84	9	105	7	72	3	120	6
Proficient	412	62	379	28		25	344	25	295	22	428	31
Basic	299	48	675	50		48	671	48	753	55	558	40
Approaching Basic	176	13	160	12		13	204	15	177	13	181	13
Unsatisfactory	59	4	53	4	115	90	11	5	99	5	101	7
Total	1,401		1,363		1,389		1,401		1,363		1,388	

District Achievement		Scie	cience					Social Studies	tudies		
Level Results	2008	20	2007	20	2006	2008	- 8C	2007	77	20	2006
Students	Number Percent Num	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 8											
Advanced	10	44	ć.	29	7			30	2		
Proficient	342 26	~~~	24		16	194	15	256	19		14
Basic	526 40	085 (0	42	569	44	681	51	683	50		51
Approaching Basic		_	21		27	317	24	569	20		22
Unsatisfactory	120	127	6	136	10	125	6	134	10	152	
Total	1,328	1,375		1,298		1,328		1,372		1,297	

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD Monroe, Louisiana

The Graduation Exit Exam for the 21st Century Three Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2008

District Achievement		产	Enolish Lar	nonage Arts	4.8				Mathematics	natics		
Level Results	2008		20	007	2006	92	2008	8(2007	7	2006	96
Students	Number	Number Percent	Number	Percent	Number Percent	Percent	Number	Number Percent	Number	Percent	Number Percen	Percent
Grade 10												
Advanced	=======================================	-	19	2		_	151	13	115	6	132	11
Proficient	147	13	136	11	170	15	200	18	188	15	251	21
Basic	585	52	625	51	653	56	438	39	581	48	474	40
Approaching Basic	234	21	299	24	234	20	165	15	190	16	162	14
Unsatisfactory	151	13	145	12	101	6	170	15	145	12	152	13
Total	1,128		1,224		1,169		1,124		1,219		1,171	

District Achievement			Science	nce					Social Studies	tudies		:
Level Results	20	2008	20(200	2006	96	2008	8C	2007	17	20	2006
Students	Numper	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 11												
Advanced	38	m	61	9	43	4	4		12	_	S	_
Proficient	185	17	221	21	146	15	112	10	160	15	8	6
Basic	475	43	458	44	449	45	640	58	995	54	009	99
Approaching Basic	257	23	182	17	245	25	191	17	179	17	186	19
Unsatisfactory	140	13	123	12	115	12	138	13	129	12	116	12
Total	1,095		1,045		866		1,095		1,046		266	

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD iLEAP Tests

Three Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2008

iLEAP Tests

District Achievement	English Langu	age Arts	Mathe	matics	Scie	ence	Social	Studies
Level Results	20	06	20	06	20	06	20	306
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 3								
Advanced	90	6	116	8	67	5	45	3
Mastery	382	26	365	25	273	19	326	23
Basic	673	46	650	45	692	48	714	49
Approaching Basic	193	13	211	15	311	21	249	17
Unsatisfactory	110	8	105	7	105	7	114	8
Total	1448		1447		1448		1448	

District Achievement	English Lange	age Arts	Mathe	matics	Scie	епсе	Social	Studies
Level Results		106	20	06	20	06	20	06
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 5								
Advanced	78	6	121	9	43	3	75	6
Mastery	319	25	209	16	259	20	194	15
Basic	629	49	675	52	617	48	684	53
Approaching Basic	191	15	168	13	294	23	218	17
Unsatisfactory	73	6	117	9	77	6	119	9
Total	1290		1290		1290		1290	

District Achievement	English Langu	age Arts	Mathe	matics	Scio	ence	Social	Studies
Level Results	20	06	20	06	20	06	20	06
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 6								
Advanced	86	6	65	5	46	3	101	7
Mastery	354	26	227	17	293	21	178	13
Basic	675	49	748	55	593	43	658	48
Approaching Basic	182	13	168	12	313	23	299	22
Unsatisfactory	75	5	164	12	124	9	134	10
Total	1372		1372		1369		1370	

District Achievement Level Results		nguage Arts 106		matics 06		ence 006	 	Studies 006
2001	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 7								
Advanced	128	9	99	7	58	4	25	2
Mastery	293	20	153	10	284	19	259	17
Basic	684	46	719	48	569	38	745	50
Approaching Basic	280	19	315	21	388	26	262	18
Unsatisfactory	102	7	199	13	186	13	192	13
Total	1487		1485		1485		1483	

District Achievement Level Results		nguage Arts 106		matics 06
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 9				i
Advanced	41	3	94	7
Mastery	212	15	167	12
Basic	749	55	690	50
Approaching Basic	271	20	235	17
Unsatisfactory	99	7	184	13
Total	1372	_	1370	

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD iLEAP Tests Three Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2008

iLEAP Tests

District Achievement	English Langi	age Arts	Mathe	matics	Scie	ence	Social	Studies
Level Results	20	07	20	07	20	07	20	07
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 3								
Advanced	91	6	152	11	74	5	45	3
Mastery	427	30	395	28	308	22	370	26
Basic	651	45	647	45	700	49	715	50
Approaching Basic	166	12	162	11	271	19	198	14
Unsatisfactory	97	7	77	5	79	6	104	7
Total	1432		1433		1432		1432	

District Achievement Level Results	English Langu	uage Arts 07	·	matics 107		ence 107		Studies 107
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 5								
Advanced	60	4	100	7	55	4	80	6
Mastery	337	25	223	16	316	23	290	21
Basic	651	48	703	52	616	46	686	51
Approaching Basic	218	16	201	15	256	19	181	13
Unsatisfactory	85	6	125	9	108	8	114	8
Total	1351	i	1352		1351		1351	

District Achievement	English Langu	age Arts	Mathe	matics	Sci	ence	Social	Studies
Level Results		07	20	07	20	007	20	007
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 6								
Advanced	88	7	102	8	60	5	70	5
Mastery	320	25	208	16	289	22	172	13
Basic	677	52	738	57	596	46	674	52
Approaching Basic	164	13	142	11	271	21	256	20
Unsatisfactory	56	4	115	9 ·	88	7	132	10
Total	1305		1305		1304		1304	

District Achievement		nguage Arts	Mathe	matics	Sci	ence	Social	Studies
Level Results	20	107	20	9 7	26	107	20	07
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 7								
Advanced	81	6	95	7	54	4	25	2
Mastery	307	22	181	13	266	19	212	16
Basic	654	48	700	51	587	43	713	52
Approaching Basic	238	17	264	19	353	26	253	19
Unsatisfactory	88	6	129	9	108	8	163	12
Total	1368		1369		1368		1366	

District Achievement	English Lai	nguage Arts	Mathematics 2007		
Level Results	20	07			
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Građe 9					
Advanced	19	1	89	7	
Mastery	195	15	166	13	
Basic	722	55	613	47	
Approaching Basic	262	20	213	16	
Unsatisfactory	106	8	223	17	
Total	1304		1304		

OUACHITA PARISH SCHOOL BOARD iLEAP Tests Three Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2008

iLEAP Tests

District Achievement Level Results	English Langu 20	iage Arts 08		matics 08	cs Science 2008		Social Studies 2008	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 3								
Advanced	92	6	94	6	76	5	61	4
Mastery	353	23	282	19	253	17	298	20
Basic	729	48	730	48	717	48	768	51
Approaching Basic	237	16	248	16	352	23	242	16
Unsatisfactory	98	6	155	10	111	7	140	9
Total	1509		1509		1509		1509	

District Achievement	English Language Arts		Mathematics		Science		Social Studies	
Level Results	20	008	2008		2008		2008	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 5		1						
Advanced	67	5	114	8	51	4	77	6
Mastery	306	23	210	16	250	19	290	22
Basic	669	50	701	52	645	48	682	51
Approaching Basic	221	16	177	13	311	23	199	15
Unsatisfactory	79	6	140	10	85	6	94	7
Total	1342		1342		1342		1342	

District Achievement	English Language Arts		Mathematics		Science		Social Studies	
Level Results	20	08	2008		2008		2008	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 6								
Advanced	58	4	116	8	56	2	73	5
Mastery	296	21	207	15	270	20	204	15
Basic	733	53	746	54	692	50	660	48
Approaching Basic	206	15	176	13	258	19	290	21
Unsatisfactory	89	6	137	10	104	8	153	11
Total	1382		1382		1380		1380	

District Achievement Level Results	English Language Arts		Mathematics		Science		Social Studies	
	20	08	2008		2008		2008	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grade 7								
Advanced	120	9	65	5	33	2	27	2
Mastery	287	21	153	11	240	18	174	13
Basic	662	49	757	56	656	49	730	54
Approaching Basic	217	16	230	17	286	21	255	19
Unsatisfactory	60	4	141	10	129	10	155	12
Total	1346		1346		1344		1341	

District Achievement		nguage Arts	Mathematics 2008		
Level Results	20	08			
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Grade 9			<u> </u>		
Advanced	23	2	119	9	
Mastery	240	18	157	15	
Basic	774	58	703	53	
Approaching Basic	244	18	215	16	
Unsatisfactory	49	4	134	10	
Total	1330		1328		